

# Exhibit 2

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Substantively Consolidated SIPA Liquidation of  
Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC  
and the Chapter 7 Estate of Bernard L. Madoff*

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION  
CORPORATION,

Plaintiff-Applicant,

v.

BERNARD L. MADOFF INVESTMENT  
SECURITIES LLC,

Defendant.

In re:

BERNARD L. MADOFF,

Debtor.

Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (CGM)

SIPA Liquidation

(Substantively Consolidated)

**TRUSTEE'S TWENTY-SIXTH INTERIM REPORT  
FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 1, 2021 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

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TO THE HONORABLE CECELIA G. MORRIS  
CHIEF UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE:

Irving H. Picard, Esq. (the “Trustee”), as Trustee for the substantively consolidated liquidation proceeding of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC (“BLMIS”), under the Securities Investor Protection Act (“SIPA”),<sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. §§ 78aaa *et seq.*, and the Chapter 7 estate of Bernard L. Madoff (“Madoff,” and together with BLMIS, each a “Debtor” and collectively, the “Debtors”), respectfully submits his Twenty-Sixth Interim Report (this “Report”) pursuant to SIPA § 78fff-1(c) and this Court’s Order on Application for an Entry of an Order Approving Form and Manner of Publication and Mailing of Notices, Specifying Procedures For Filing, Determination, and Adjudication of Claims; and Providing Other Relief entered on December 23, 2008 (the “Claims Procedures Order”) (ECF No. 12).<sup>2</sup> Pursuant to the Claims Procedures Order, the Trustee shall file additional interim reports every six months. This Report covers the period between April 1, 2021 and September 30, 2021 (the “Report Period”).

## **I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

1. The Trustee has worked tirelessly for nearly thirteen years to recover customer property and distribute it to BLMIS customers who have not fully recovered the money they deposited with BLMIS. Through pre-litigation and other settlements, the Trustee has successfully recovered approximately \$14.493 billion through September 30, 2021.

2. On January 19, 2021, this Court approved the Trustee’s twelfth allocation and distribution to customers, in which the Trustee allocated approximately \$74.325 million to the Customer Fund. On February 26, 2021, the Trustee distributed approximately \$231.411 million on allowed claims relating to 813 accounts, or 1.240% of each customer’s allowed claim, unless

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<sup>1</sup> For convenience, subsequent references to SIPA will omit “15 U.S.C.”

<sup>2</sup> All ECF references refer to pleadings filed in the main adversary proceeding pending before this Court, *Sec. Investor Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, Adv. No. 08-01789 (BRL) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.), unless otherwise noted.

4. This Report is meant to provide an overview of the efforts of the Trustee and his team of professionals in unwinding the largest Ponzi scheme in history. This fraud involved many billions of dollars and thousands of people and entities located across the world. The Trustee continues to work diligently to coordinate the administration, investigation, and litigation to maximize recoveries and efficiencies and reduce costs.

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## II. BACKGROUND

6. The Trustee's prior interim reports, each of which is fully incorporated herein, have detailed the circumstances surrounding the filing of this case and the events that have taken place during prior phases of this proceeding.<sup>3</sup>

### III. FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE ESTATE

7. No administration costs, including the compensation of the Trustee, his counsel, and his consultants, are being, or have been, paid out of recoveries obtained by the Trustee for the benefit of BLMIS customers with allowed claims. Rather, the fees and expenses of the Trustee, his counsel and consultants, and administrative costs incurred by the Trustee are paid through administrative advances from SIPC. These costs are chargeable to the general estate and have no impact on recoveries that the Trustee has obtained or will obtain. Thus, recoveries from litigation, settlements, and other means are available in their entirety for the satisfaction of allowed customer claims.

3 Prior reports cover the periods from December 11, 2008 to June 30, 2009 (the “First Interim Report”) (ECF No. 314); July 1, 2009 to October 31, 2009 (the “Second Interim Report”) (ECF No. 1011); November 1, 2009 to March 31, 2010 (the “Amended Third Interim Report”) (ECF No. 2207); April 1, 2010 to September 30, 2010 (the “Fourth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 3038); October 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011 (the “Fifth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 4072); April 1, 2011 to September 30, 2011 (the “Sixth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 4529); October 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012 (the “Seventh Interim Report”) (ECF No. 4793); April 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012 (the “Eighth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 5066); October 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 (the “Ninth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 5351); April 1, 2013 to September 30, 2013 (the “Tenth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 5554); October 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014 (the “Eleventh Interim Report”) (ECF No. 6466); April 1, 2014 to September 30, 2014 (the “Twelfth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 8276); October 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015 (the “Thirteenth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 9895); April 1, 2015 through September 30, 2015 (the “Fourteenth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 11912); October 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016 (the “Fifteenth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 13184); April 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016 (the “Sixteenth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 14347); October 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017 (the “Seventeenth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 15922); April 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 (the “Eighteenth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 16862); October 1, 2017 through March 31, 2018 (the “Nineteenth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 17555); April 1, 2018 through September 30, 2018 (the “Twentieth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 18146); October 1, 2018 through March 31, 2019 (the “Twenty-First Interim Report”) (ECF No. 18716); April 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019 (the “Twenty-Second Interim Report”) (ECF No. 19097); October 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020 (the “Twenty-Third Interim Report”) (ECF No. 19502); April 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020 (the “Twenty-Fourth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 19896); and October 1, 2021 through March 31, 2021 (the “Twenty-Fifth Interim Report”) (ECF No. 20480).



10. As detailed in Exhibit A, as of September 30, 2021, the Trustee requested and SIPC advanced \$2,950,402,180.13, of which \$849,443,412.47 was used to pay allowed customer claims up to the maximum SIPA statutory limit of \$500,000 per account, and \$2,100,958,767.66 was used for administrative expenses. *See* Exhibit A, page 1.

### A. Claims Processing

11. During the Report Period, the Trustee allowed \$30,000.00 in customer claims, bringing the total amount of allowed claims as of September 30, 2021 to \$19,416,279,866.92. The Trustee has paid or committed to pay \$849,868,412.47 in cash advances from SIPC through September 30, 2021. This is the largest commitment of SIPC funds of any SIPA liquidation proceeding and greatly exceeds the total aggregate payments made in all other SIPA liquidations to date.

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13. As of September 30, 2021, the Trustee had received 428 timely and 22 untimely filed secured and unsecured priority and non-priority general creditor claims totaling approximately \$1.7 billion. The claimants include vendors, taxing authorities, employees, and customers filing claims on non-customer proof of claim forms. Of these 428 claims and \$1.7 billion, the Trustee has received 95 general creditor claims and 49 broker-dealer claims totaling approximately \$265.4 million. At this time, the BLMIS estate has no funds from which to make distributions to priority/non-priority general creditors and/or broker dealers.

14. Throughout the liquidation proceeding, the Trustee has kept claimants, general creditors, interested parties, and the public informed of his efforts by maintaining the Trustee Website, a toll-free customer hotline, conducting a Bankruptcy Code § 341(a) meeting of creditors on February 20, 2009, and responding in a timely manner to the multitude of phone calls, e-mails, and letters received on a daily basis, from both claimants and their representatives.

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17. In sum, the Trustee and his team have endeavored to respond in a timely manner to every customer inquiry and ensure that customers are as informed as possible about various aspects of the BLMIS proceeding.

18. This liquidation had offered two different Hardship Programs to former BLMIS customers, both of which are detailed in prior reports along with statistics regarding how many customers have availed themselves of the program. *See* Trustee's Twentieth Interim Report, ECF No. 18146. As of September 30, 2021, there were 7 Hardship Applications still under review and 186 that were resolved because they were either withdrawn by the applicant, deemed withdrawn for failure of the applicant to pursue the application, denied for lack of hardship or referred for consideration of settlement. After nearly 12 years, the Hardship Program was officially terminated.

19. As of September 30, 2021, 1,750 docketed objections (which exclude withdrawn objections and include duplicates, amendments, and supplements) had been filed with the Court. These objections relate to 3,270 unique claims and 715 accounts. As of September 30, 2021, 119 docketed objections (related to 120 unique claims and 103 accounts) remained.

22. As part of his ongoing efforts to resolve pending objections, the Trustee has continued investigating and analyzing objections of claimants to the Trustee's determination of their claims. During this extensive review of the facts unique to each claimant, the Trustee has identified circumstances that require resolution by the Bankruptcy Court. Prior disputes are described in the Trustee's previous reports.

23. As of September 30, 2021, the Trustee had reached agreements relating to 1,155 accounts and with the IRS (which did not have a BLMIS account). These litigation, pre-

### A. Net Equity Dispute

25. On August 16, 2011, the Second Circuit affirmed this Court’s decision and the Trustee’s Net Investment Method, holding that it would have been “legal error” for the Trustee to discharge claims for securities under SIPA “upon the false premise that customers’ securities positions are what the account statements purport them to be.” *Sec. Inv’r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, 654 F.3d 229, 241 (2d Cir. 2011) (the “Net Equity Decision”). Any calculation other than the Net Investment Method would “aggravate the injuries caused by Madoff’s fraud.” *Id.* at 235. Instead, the Net Investment Method prevents the “whim of the defrauder” from controlling the process of unwinding the fraud. *Id.*

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28. Finally, the Second Circuit explained that “notwithstanding the BLMIS customer statements, there were no securities purchased and there were no proceeds from the money entrusted to Madoff for the purpose of making investments.” *Id.* at 240. Therefore any “[c]alculations based on made-up values of fictional securities would be ‘unworkable’ and would create ‘potential absurdities.’” *Id.* at 241 (quoting *In re New Times Sec. Serv., Inc.*, 371 F.3d 68, 88 (2d Cir. 2004)). Thus, the Second Circuit rejected reliance upon the BLMIS account statements, finding that, to do otherwise, “would have the absurd effect of treating fictitious and arbitrarily assigned paper profits as real and would give legal effect to Madoff’s machinations.” *Id.* at 235.

29. A petition for panel rehearing, or, in the alternative, for rehearing en banc was denied. *Sterling Equities Assoc. v. Picard*, Adv. No. 10-2378 (2d Cir.) (ECF Nos. 505, 537, 551). Three petitions for certiorari were filed with the Supreme Court, which were denied. *Ryan v. Picard*, 133 S. Ct. 24 (2012); *Velvel v. Picard*, 133 S. Ct. 25 (2012). Certiorari was also dismissed with respect to one appeal. *Sterling Equities Assoc. v. Picard*, 132 S. Ct. 2712 (2012).

## **B. Time-Based Damages**

30. Following the litigation regarding the Net Investment Method, the Trustee filed a motion to affirm his net equity calculations and denying requests for “time-based damages.” (ECF Nos. 5038, 5039). The Trustee took the position that customers were not entitled to an inflation-based adjustment to their allowed customer claims. This Court agreed. *Sec. Inv’r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec., LLC (In re Bernard L. Madoff)*, 496 B.R. 744 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2013) (the “Time-Based Damages Decision”); *see also* ECF No. 5463.

31. On February 20, 2015, the Second Circuit affirmed the Bankruptcy Court’s decision, holding that “SIPA’s scheme disallows an inflation adjustment as a matter of law.” *See In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, 779 F.3d 74, 80, 82 (2d Cir. 2015). The Court also held that “an interest adjustment to customer net equity claims is impermissible under SIPA’s scheme.” *Id.* at 83.

32. Under the Second Circuit’s decision, a customer’s net equity claim, calculated in accordance with the *Time-Based Damages Decision*, will not be adjusted for inflation or interest. The Second Circuit explained that “an inflation adjustment goes beyond the scope of SIPA’s intended protections and is inconsistent with SIPA’s statutory framework.” *Id.* at 79. Nor does SIPA provide for compensation related to any opportunity cost of the use of such money during the pendency of the liquidation proceedings. *Id.* at 80. While SIPA operates to “facilitate the proportional distribution of customer property actually held by the broker,” *id.* at 81, “the Act . . .

restores investors to what their position would have been in the absence of liquidation.” *Id.* at 79. For similar reasons, the Second Circuit rejected the request of one claimant who sought an adjustment for interest, in addition to inflation. *Id.* at 83.

33. The Supreme Court denied the petition for certiorari filed. *Peshkin v. Picard*, 136 S. Ct. 218 (2015).

**C. “Customer” Definition**

34. In this liquidation, the Trustee discovered that many claimants did not invest directly with BLMIS, but through an intermediary such as a “feeder fund.” The Trustee’s position consistently has been that only those claimants who maintained an account at BLMIS constitute “customers” of BLMIS, as defined in § 78lll(2) of SIPA. Where it appeared that claimants did not have an account in their names at BLMIS, the Trustee denied their claims for securities and/or a credit balance on the ground that they were not customers of BLMIS under SIPA.

35. On June 28, 2011, the Court issued a decision affirming the Trustee’s denial of these claims. (ECF Nos. 3018, 4193, 4209); *Sec. Inv’r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, 454 B.R. 285 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2011). The Court found that the objecting claimants invested in, not through, the feeder funds, and had no individual accounts at BLMIS. It was the feeder funds who entrusted their monies with BLMIS for the purpose of trading or investing in securities—the touchstone of “customer” status—whereas the objecting claimants purchased ownership interests in the feeder funds. The Court held that, absent a direct broker-dealer relationship with BLMIS, the objecting claimants sought a definition of “customer” that stretched the term beyond its limits.

36. Judge Lifland put it succinctly: the objecting-claimants who invested in sixteen feeder funds did not qualify as “customers” because they “had no securities accounts at BLMIS,



were not known to BLMIS, lacked privity and any financial relationship with BLMIS, lacked property interests in any Feeder Fund account assets at BLMIS, entrusted no cash or securities to BLMIS, had no investment discretion over Feeder Fund assets invested with BLMIS, received no account statements or other communications from BLMIS and had no transactions reflected on the books and records of BLMIS . . . .” *Id.* at 290.

37. On January 4, 2012, Judge Cote affirmed the Bankruptcy Court decision. *See Aozora Bank Ltd. v. Sec. Inv’r Prot. Corp.*, 480 B.R. 117 (S.D.N.Y. 2012). In that decision, Judge Cote determined in light of SIPA, the “most natural reading of the ‘customer’ definition excludes persons like the appellants who invest in separate third-party corporate entities like their feeder funds that in turn invest their assets with the debtor.” *Id.* at 123.

38. On February 22, 2013, the Second Circuit affirmed the decisions of the District Court and the Bankruptcy Court. *See Kruse v. Sec. Inv’r Prot. Corp., Irving H. Picard*, 708 F.3d 422 (2d Cir. 2013). No petitions for certiorari were filed.

#### **D. Inter-Account Transfers**

39. The Trustee has maintained, and the Second Circuit affirmed, that the “cash-in, cash-out” methodology is appropriate for calculating a customer’s net equity in this case. *The Net Equity Decision*, however, did not expressly address the treatment of transfers between BLMIS accounts, which the Trustee refers to as “Inter-Account Transfers.” Many customers maintained more than one BLMIS account and transferred funds between such accounts. Other customers transferred funds to the accounts of other BLMIS customers.

40. On December 8, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court issued a decision upholding the Trustee’s methodology for calculating inter-account transfers. ECF No. 8680; *see Sec. Inv’r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC (In re Bernard L. Madoff)*, 522 B.R. 41 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2014). Judge Bernstein explained that if he adopted the objecting parties’ arguments,

42. On June 1, 2017, the Second Circuit issued a summary order agreeing with the lower courts. Rejecting each of the appellants’ arguments in turn, and citing its Net Equity Decision, the Order confirms that the Second Circuit “continue[s] to refuse . . . to ‘treat[] fictitious and arbitrarily assigned paper profits as real’ and to give ‘legal effect to Madoff’s machinations.’” *In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec., LLC*, 2017 WL 2376567, \*3 (2d Cir. Jun. 1, 2017).

### E. Profit-Withdrawal Issue

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47. An appeal was taken to the District Court and was fully briefed by January 18, 2019. (ECF Nos. 18, 19, 20, 23, 24). Appellants challenged this Court's application of the Federal Rules of Evidence in admitting and relying on the BLMIS books and records in finding that the profit withdrawal transactions were properly treated as debits under the Net Investment Method. On August 16, 2019, the District Court affirmed the Bankruptcy Court's decision. *Blecker v. Picard*, 2019 WL 3886721 (Aug. 16, 2019) 18 Civ. 7449 (PAE). The District Court

49. The Trustee and SIPC's opposition briefs were filed on April 17, 2020. Appellants filed their reply on May 27, 2020, and oral argument was held on September 21, 2020.

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customer agreements. *Id.* The Second Circuit found all other arguments by Mr. Blecker without merit and rejected them without discussion. *Id.* at 5.

51. No petitions for certiorari were filed.

## VI. LITIGATION

52. The Trustee is actively involved in dozens of litigations and appeals. This Report does not discuss each of them in detail but instead summarizes those matters with the most activity during the Report Period.

**A. The District Court—Motions to Dismiss Heard by Judge Rakoff**

53. Upon the motions of hundreds of defendants, the District Court withdrew the reference in numerous cases and heard numerous motions to dismiss. A total of 485 motions to withdraw and 424 joinders were filed, altogether implicating a total of 807 adversary proceedings. The District Court (Rakoff, J.) consolidated briefing and argument on certain common issues raised in the motions to withdraw (the “Common Briefing”). *See* Trustee’s Twentieth Interim Report, ECF No. 18146. The District Court has since decided the Common Briefing issues and returned all proceedings to the Bankruptcy Court.

### B. Good Faith Actions

**i. Resolution of Good Faith Avoidance Actions**

54. As of September 30, 2021, the Trustee has 40 good faith actions pending, as set forth in the attached Exhibit B. In certain avoidance actions, the Trustee entered into mediations, considered settlement offers, and where appropriate, agreed to dismiss certain defendants from the actions. The Trustee's professionals engaged in settlement negotiations, which led to 15 cases entering into documented settlements during the Report Period. In addition, as a result of the Trustee obtaining judgments, six cases were closed during the Report Period.

ii. **Trial-Related Motion Practice**

(a) **Michael Mann Action**

55. Prior to the Report Period, on September 28, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court issued an Order setting the trial in the *Picard v. BAM, L.P.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390 (CGM) matter (the “Mann Action”) to start on December 3, 2018. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF No. 108. In response, on October 26, 2018, Defendants filed a motion to withdraw the reference to the Bankruptcy Court (the “Mann Motion to Withdraw”) on their asserted right to a jury trial before the District Court, and on December 27, 2018, the Trustee filed his opposition brief to the Mann Motion to Withdraw. *See* No. 18-cv-09916, ECF Nos. 1, 17. On January 16, 2019, the Defendants filed their reply brief in further support of the Mann Motion to Withdraw. *See* No. 18-cv-09916, ECF No. 22.

56. Separately, on November 20, 2018, Defendants moved to stay the December 3, 2018 trial, pending a ruling from the District Court on the Mann Motion to Withdraw. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 114, 121-122. On November 27, 2018, the Trustee filed his opposition to Defendants’ motion to stay the trial, and oral argument was held on November 28, 2018. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 127-28, 130.

57. At the November 28, 2018 hearing, the Bankruptcy Court offered Defendants the opportunity to make an oral motion to withdraw their customer claims and objections to the Trustee’s determinations of those claims, and the Court granted the motion, which was memorialized in the subsequent Order Withdrawing Claims and Objections With Prejudice And Finally Determining Net Equity filed on December 20, 2018. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF No. 138. However, the order did not determine the Bankruptcy Court’s jurisdiction over the Mann Action, for which the parties provided separate briefing on December 5, 2018 and December 12, 2018, respectively. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 132, 137. On January

18, 2019, the Bankruptcy Court issued its Memorandum Decision and Order holding that the Court has equitable jurisdiction over the Mann Action despite Defendants' withdrawal of their customer claims and objections (the "Jurisdictional Decision"). *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF No. 148.

58. On January 25, 2019, Defendants moved for leave to appeal the *Jurisdictional Decision* (the "Motion for Leave"). *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 149-150. The Trustee opposed the motion on February 8, 2019. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 155-156. On February 19, 2019, Defendants filed their reply brief in further support of their Motion for Leave. *See* No. 19-cv-00812, ECF Nos. 6-7.

59. On December 21, 2018, the Trustee filed his Motion for Summary Judgment in the Mann Action. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 140-143. On February 22, 2019, Defendants filed their opposition brief to the Motion for Summary Judgment. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 158-160. On March 27, 2019, the Trustee filed his reply brief in further support of his Motion for Summary Judgment. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 164, 166-167. Oral argument before the Bankruptcy Court was held on April 24, 2019. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF No. 173. On September 11, 2019, the Bankruptcy Court issued its Memorandum Decision Granting Relief Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56(g). *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF No. 174.

60. On February 26, 2020, District Judge Vernon S. Broderick entered an Opinion and Order denying the Mann Motion to Withdraw and Motion for Leave and directing the Clerk of Court to close the motions. *See* No. 18-cv-09916, ECF No. 28; No. 19-cv-00812, ECF No. 10).

63. At the July 1, 2020 conference, the Court granted the Trustee's motion *in limine* and adjourned for one week to allow Defendants to secure access to their offices, which were closed due to COVID-19 concerns, and provide the Court with an update by the next scheduled conference on July 9, 2020. *See* Hr'g Tr. at 22:13-24; 24:18-25:6; Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF No. 204.

65. On August 19, 2020, the matter was reassigned from Judge Bernstein to Chief Judge Cecelia G. Morris and the trial was held virtually on September 14, 2020 pursuant to the Order Establishing Procedures For Remote Evidentiary Hearing/Trial. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 213-214, 216.



68. On January 5, 2021, Defendants appealed the judgment entered by Judge Morris.

*See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390, ECF Nos. 257-58.

70. The Defendants paid the judgment in full by April 7, 2021, and a Satisfaction of Judgment was filed on April 8, 2021. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04390 (CGM), ECF No. 263.

71. During the pre-trial conference held on February 20, 2020, this Court set trial to start on April 7, 2020. *See* Hearing Re Pre-Trial Conference, at 5:21-6:4; Adv. Pro. No. 10-04387, February 20, 2020, ECF No. 111.

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2020, and Defendant filed his reply brief in further support of his motion to withdraw the reference on April 27, 2020. *See* No. 20-cv-02560, ECF Nos. 5-8.

73. On March 10, 2020, Defendant filed an order to show cause why the Bankruptcy Court should not grant his motion for stay of trial pursuant to Rule 5011(c) pending ruling by the District Court on Defendant's motion to withdraw the reference. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04357, ECF Nos. 116-117. On that same day, the Bankruptcy Court entered a signed order to show cause, scheduling oral argument to be held on March 18, 2020. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04357, ECF No. 118.

74. On March 17, 2020, the Trustee filed his opposition, and on April 1, 2020, Defendant filed his reply brief in further support of his motion for a stay. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04357, ECF Nos. 121-122, 126-27.

75. On June 4, 2020, the District Court denied the Defendant's motion to withdraw the reference. *See* 20-cv-02560, ECF Nos. 9-10.

76. On November 25, 2020, the Bankruptcy Court so ordered pre-trial deadlines and scheduled the parties' final pre-trial conference for January 27, 2021. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04357, ECF No. 138.

77. On January 27, 2021, the Trustee and Defendant entered into a Stipulation for Entry of Judgment, and the Bankruptcy Court entered a Consent Judgment with respect to the Trustee's claims against Defendant for avoidance and recovery of the disputed transfers. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04357, ECF Nos. 142, 143.

78. In furtherance of enforcing the Consent Judgment, on May 6, 2021, the Trustee recorded a transcript of the judgment with supporting affidavits with the Bay County Clerk of Court in Florida to place liens on real property held by Defendant within the state.

iii. **Summary Judgment Motions**

(a) **South Ferry/Lowrey Actions**

79. Prior to the Report Period, the Trustee entered into separate stipulations with (1) Defendants South Ferry Building Company, Emmanuel Gettinger, Abraham Wolfson, and Zev Wolfson, (2) Defendants South Ferry #2 LP, Emmanuel Gettinger, Aaron Wolfson, and Abraham Wolfson, (3) Defendant United Congregations Mesora, and (4) James Lowrey, setting a schedule for summary judgment motion practice (collectively, the “South Ferry/Lowrey Actions”). *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04488, ECF No. 77; Adv. Pro. No. 10-04350, ECF No. 86; Adv. Pro. No. 10-05110, ECF No. 53; Adv. Pro. No. 10-04387, ECF No. 71.

80. Prior to the Report Period, from July 2017 through September 2017, the parties in the South Ferry/Lowrey Actions filed and briefed motions for summary judgment. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04488, ECF Nos. 86-93, 96-97, 100, 103; Adv. Pro. No. 10-04350, ECF Nos. 95-102, 105-106, 109, 112; Adv. Pro. No. 10-05110, ECF Nos. 60-69, 70-71, 74, 77; Adv. Pro. No. 10-04387, ECF Nos. 78-81, 83-84, 86-87, 91-92. On December 6, 2017, oral argument was held on the parties’ motions for summary judgment.

81. On March 22, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court issued its Report and Recommendation to the District Court granting the Trustee’s motion for summary judgment and denying the South Ferry/Lowrey Actions’ motions for summary judgment. *See In re Bernard L. Madoff [Good Faith Summary Judgment]*, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (CGM), 2018 WL 1442312 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. March 22, 2018).

82. On April 26, 2018, counsel for the South Ferry/Lowrey actions filed their Rule 9003 Objections to the Bankruptcy Court’s Report and Recommendation. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04387, ECF No. 116. On June 1, 2018, the Trustee filed his Response to Defendants’ Rule 9033

Objections. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04387, ECF No. 119. As of June 14, 2018, the case was assigned to District Judge Paul Engelmayer for his review and approval.

83. On February 7, 2019, Judge Engelmayer issued his ruling adopting the Bankruptcy Court's Report and Recommendation, granting summary judgment to the Trustee, and denying summary judgment to the Defendants in the South Ferry/Lowrey Actions. *See Sec. Inv'r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (CGM), 2019 WL 479185 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 7, 2019).

84. Defendants filed their notices of appeal to the Second Circuit on February 19, 2019. *See* No. 18-cv-05381, ECF No. 32. Defendants subsequently posted the requisite bond on April 9, 2019. *See* No. 18-cv-05381, ECF No. 37. Defendants filed their appellate brief with the Second Circuit on June 4, 2019. *See* No. 19-429, ECF No. 82. The Trustee filed his appellee brief on September 3, 2019. *See* No. 19-429, ECF No. 102. The Defendants filed their reply brief on October 4, 2019. *See* No. 19-419, ECF No. 138. Oral arguments were heard telephonically on March 31, 2020. *See* No. 19-419, ECF No. 170.

85. On September 24, 2020, the Second Circuit affirmed the District Court's judgment, concluding that to the extent § 548(c) applies in this SIPA liquidation, the transfers were not "for value" for purposes of that provision, and that recovery would not violate the two-year limitation in § 548(a)(1). *In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, No. 19-0429-BK(L), 2020 WL 5666677 (2d Cir. Sept. 24, 2020).

86. On October 8, 2020, Defendants filed a petition for panel rehearing, or in the alternative, for rehearing *en banc*. On November 16, 2020, that request was denied. *See* No. 19-429, ECF Nos. 193, 197.

87. On November 23, 2020, the Second Circuit issued its judgment mandate, affirming the judgments of the District Court. *See* No. 19-429, ECF No. 198-1.

88. On March 30, 2021, Defendants filed a petition for a writ of certiorari before the Supreme Court, and it was placed on the docket on April 1, 2021. *See* No. 20-1382. On May 3, 2021, the Supreme Court denied the writ of certiorari. *See* No. 19-429, ECF No. 201.

89. As of May 19, 2021, Defendants paid in full and complete satisfaction the judgment of the District Court, including post-judgment interest of 2.58% from February 8, 2019. The Trustee recovered approximately \$41 million from the Defendants. *See, e.g.*, No. 18-cv-05452, ECF No. 42; No. 18-cv-05453, ECF No. 39; No. 18-cv-05381, ECF No. 40; No. 18-cv-05430, ECF No. 38.

**(b) RAR Entrepreneurial Fund Ltd. Action**

90. On January 31, 2020, counsel for Defendant RAR Entrepreneurial Fund Ltd. moved for permissive withdrawal of the reference. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF No. 1.

91. On February 18, 2020, the Trustee filed a letter with the court consenting to the withdrawal of the reference and proposing a briefing schedule for summary judgment, which Defendants' counsel agreed to, and the Court so ordered on March 5, 2020. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF Nos. 5, 7.

92. On April 1, 2020, the Trustee filed his motion for summary judgment. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF Nos. 12-20.

93. On June 5, 2020, Defendant filed its memorandum of law in opposition to the Trustee's motion for summary judgment and in support of its cross-motion for summary judgment dismissing the case in its entirety. On June 9, 2020, Defendant filed its notice of cross-motion for summary judgment. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF Nos. 25-29.

94. On June 23, 2020, the Trustee filed his brief in reply to Defendant's cross-motion and Defendant's opposition to his motion for summary judgment. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF Nos. 33-35.

95. Defendant filed its reply brief in support of its cross-motion on June 30, 2020. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF No. 36.

96. On March 3, 2021, District Judge Jesse M. Furman granted in part and denied the Trustee's motion for summary judgment and denied in full Defendant's cross-motion, finding that the Trustee did have standing to pursue the Two-Year Transfers and established the elements of his claim except that there were issues of fact with respect to whether the transfers were made by the LLC or Madoff personally, despite finding "RAR faces an uphill battle and that the Trustee is ultimately likely to prevail on its claim." *See* No. 20-cv-01029, 2021 WL 827195, at \*10 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 3, 2021).

97. On March 18, 2021, Judge Furman held a telephonic conference, in which the parties agreed to go to mediation before proceeding with trial. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF no. 45.

98. On April 29, 2021, the parties filed a joint letter to notify the District Court that mediation concluded unsuccessfully and request a conference to discuss next steps. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF No. 46.

99. On May 6, 2021, the court held a telephonic conference with the parties, during which the trial was scheduled to begin on July 19, 2021. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF No. 49.

100. On June 2, 2021, the court issued an order rescheduling the trial to begin on July 20, 2021. *See* No. 20-cv-01029, ECF No. 59.

**(c) Estate of Seymour Epstein Action**

104. On March 6, 2020, the parties filed a letter with the District Court consenting to the withdrawal of the reference and attaching a proposed order, as previously done in *Picard v. Meisels*, No. 20-cv-01278 (GW). *See* No. 20-cv-01377, ECF Nos. 5, 9.

106. On June 15, 2020, the Trustee filed a letter with the Bankruptcy Court referring to the District Court's denial of the Defendant's motion to withdraw the reference and requesting a pre-motion conference to be held on July 29, 2020. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 04438, ECF No. 5.

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109. On September 4, 2020, the Trustee filed his motion for summary judgment. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04438, ECF Nos. 113-119.

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111. Oral argument on the Trustee's motion for summary judgment and Defendants' cross-motion to dismiss for lack of subject matter jurisdiction was adjourned to January 27, 2021 before the Bankruptcy Court. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04438, ECF Nos. 138-145.

112. On January 27, 2021, the Bankruptcy Court entered its Memorandum Decision granting summary judgment in favor of the Trustee, determining funds held in the bank accounts are customer property, and awarding prejudgment interest at the rate of 4% from November 30, 2010 through February 1, 2021. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04438, ECF Nos. 155, 158. A Notice of Appeal was filed on March 15, 2021. *See id.*, ECF No. 20349.

113. On February 5, 2021, Defendants moved to vacate the Judgment, sought entry of a proposed counter order, and requested a stay of enforcement of the Judgment pending appeal to an Article III Court (the "Reconsideration Motion"). On March 3, 2021, the Bankruptcy Court heard oral arguments and subsequently denied Defendants' motion in its entirety. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04348, ECF Nos. 160–162, 168–169.

114. On March 15, 2021, Defendants filed their notice of appeal to the District Court, where it was assigned to District Judge Colleen McMahon under case docket no. 21-cv-02334. *See* Adv. Pro. No. 10-04348, ECF No. 172.

115. On May 5, 2021, Defendants-Appellants filed their opening brief, and refiled it again on May 28, 2021, after the District Court approved their motion to amend the record to add additional documents. The Trustee's brief was filed on June 14, 2021, and Defendants-Appellants' reply brief was filed on July 12, 2021. *See* No. 21-cv-02334, ECF Nos. 20-21, 27-28, 30.

(d) **Zieses Investment Partnership Action**

116. On April 3, 2020, counsel for Defendants Zieses Investment Partnership, Barry Inger, Susan B. Alswanger, Caryn Zieses, Marshall Zieses, Neil R. Zieses, Debra S. Zieses, and Allan Inger moved for permissive withdrawal of the reference. *See* No. 20-cv-02872, ECF No. 1.

117. On May 27, 2020, the Trustee filed a letter with the court consenting to the withdrawal of the reference and proposing a briefing schedule for summary judgment, which Defendants' counsel agreed to, and the Court so ordered on June 4, 2020. *See* No. 20-cv-02872, ECF Nos. 3-4.

118. The Trustee's motion for summary judgment was filed on June 30, 2020. *See* No. 20-cv-02872, ECF Nos. 9-15. Defendant's opposition to the Trustee's motion and cross-motion for summary judgment was filed on August 4, 2020. *See id.*, ECF No. 16-20. The Trustee's reply on his motion and opposition on the cross-motion was filed on August 24, 2020. *See id.*, ECF No. 24-26. Defendant's reply on the cross-motion was filed on September 1, 2020. *See id.*, ECF No. 27. The matter is pending.

(e) **Lisa Beth Nissenbaum Action**

119. On April 17, 2020, counsel for Defendants Neal Kurn, in his capacity as Trustee for the Lisa Beth Nissenbaum Trust, Lisa Beth Nissenbaum Trust, and Lisa B. Nissenbaum moved for permissive withdrawal of the reference. *See* No. 20-cv-03140, ECF No. 1.

120. On April 29, 2020, the Trustee filed a letter with the court consenting to the withdrawal of the reference and proposing a briefing schedule for summary judgment, which Defendants' counsel agreed to, and the Court so ordered on April 30, 2020. *See* No. 20-cv-03140, ECF Nos. 4-6.

121. The Trustee's motion for summary judgment was filed on June 22, 2020. *See* No. 20-cv-03140, ECF Nos. 15-18, 20-22. Defendant's opposition to the Trustee's motion and cross-

123. On March 25, 2021, Judge Koeltl entered judgment in favor of the Trustee to recover avoidable transfers in the amount of \$625,551, plus prejudgment interest at a rate of 4%, from November 12, 2010 through the date of entry of judgment in the amount of \$259,543.68 for a total sum of \$885,094.68. The judgment is now final and non-appealable. *See* No. 20-cv-03140, ECF No. 47.

124. On May 15, 2020, counsel for Defendants Audrey M. Goodman, Goodman Charitable Foundation, in its capacity as a limited partner of JABA Associates LP, Audrey Goodman, in her capacity as a general and limited partner of JABA Associates LP, Bruce Goodman, in his capacity as a general Partner of JABA Associates LP, Andrew Goodman, in his capacity as a general partner of JABA Associates LP, JABA Associates LP, and The Estate of James Goodman moved for permissive withdrawal of the reference. *See* No. 20-cv-03836, ECF No. 1.

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127. On March 24, 2021, District Judge John G. Koeltl granted summary judgment in favor of the Trustee to recover avoidable transfers in the amount of \$2,925,000, plus prejudgment interest at a rate of 4%, from November 12, 2010 through the date of entry of judgment in the amount of \$1,213,273.97 for a total sum of \$4,138,273.97. *See* No. 20-cv-0386, 2021 WL 1112342 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 24, 2021, ECF Nos. 41-42).

129. In furtherance of enforcing the Judgment, the Trustee received the transcript of the Judgment from the District Court, which was docketed with the New York County Clerk's Office on May 20, 2021, to place liens on real property held by Defendants within the state.

**(g) Stanley T. Miller Action**

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opposition to the Trustee's motion for summary judgment and in support of his cross-motion for summary judgment dismissing the case in its entirety. *See id.*, ECF Nos. 104-07. On May 26, 2021, the Trustee filed his brief in reply to Defendant's cross-motion and Defendant's opposition to his motion for summary judgment. *See id.*, ECF Nos. 108-09. Defendant filed his reply brief in support of his cross-motion on June 16, 2021. *See id.*, ECF No. 112. On June 16, 2021, oral arguments were held before Judge Morris in the Bankruptcy Court. *See id.*, ECF No. 122.

132. On July 2, 2021, Judge Morris granted summary judgment in favor of the Trustee to recover avoidable transfers in the amount of \$669,793, plus prejudgment interest at a rate of 4%, from December 2, 2010 through July 13, 2021 in the amount of \$284,333.51 for a total sum of \$954,126.50. *See* No. 10-04921, 2021 WL 2787604 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. July 2, 2021), ECF Nos. 121-22.

**(h) Gerald and Barbara Keller Family Trust Action**

133. On July 22, 2021, the Trustee filed his motion for summary judgment. *See* No. 10-04539, ECF Nos. 99-105. On August 17, 2021, Defendants filed their memorandum of law in opposition to the Trustee's motion for summary judgment and in support of their cross-motion for summary judgment dismissing the case in its entirety. *See id.*, ECF Nos. 110-15. On September 1, 2021, the Trustee filed his brief in reply to Defendants' cross-motion and Defendants' opposition to his motion for summary judgment. *See id.*, ECF Nos. 119-21. Defendants filed their reply brief in support of their cross-motion on September 13, 2021. *See id.*, ECF Nos. 124-26. On September 15, 2021, oral arguments were held before Judge Morris in the Bankruptcy Court.

134. On September 30, 2021, Judge Morris granted summary judgment in favor of the Trustee to recover avoidable transfers in the amount of \$1,896,148, plus prejudgment interest at a

rate of 4%, from December 1, 2010 through the date of the entry of judgment in this case. *See* No. 10-04539, 2021 WL 4476811 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Sept. 30, 2021), ECF No. 136.

135. On October 13, 2021, the Defendants filed a Notice of Appeal to the District Court. *See* No. 10-04539, ECF No. 140.

**C. Bad Faith Actions**

136. The Trustee has one bad faith action still pending as of the end of the Report Period, as set forth on the attached Exhibit C.

**i. Picard v. Avellino & Bienes**

137. On December 10, 2010, the Trustee commenced an avoidance action against Avellino & Bienes, Frank J. Avellino, Michael S. Bienes, Nancy C. Avellino, Dianne K. Bienes, Thomas G. Avellino, and numerous other trusts and entities (collectively, the “A&B Defendants”) seeking the return of over \$904 million under SIPA, the Bankruptcy Code, the New York Fraudulent Conveyance Act, and other applicable law for fraudulent conveyances in connection with certain transfers of property by BLMIS to or for the benefit of the A&B Defendants. *Picard v. Frank J. Avellino*, Adv. No. 10-05421 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.) (the “A&B Action”).

138. During the Report Period, the Trustee focused on developing his affirmative partial summary judgment motion relating to the two-year transfers and preparing for defendants’ anticipated motion, which included drafting the Trustee’s memorandum of law in support of his motion for summary judgment and the Trustee’s Rule 56.1 statement of material facts, as well as analyzing testimony of defendants and third parties (including former BLMIS employees and experts) and reviewing and identifying key documents and testimony.

139. The Trustee also performed overall case management and prepared for trial.

**D. Appeals Relating to BLMIS Feeder Funds and Subsequent Transferees**

**i. Extraterritoriality**

140. On July 6, 2014, the District Court held that certain of the Trustee's claims were barred by the presumption against extraterritoriality, stating that "section 550(a) does not apply extraterritorially to allow for the recovery of subsequent transfers received abroad by a foreign transferee from a foreign transferor," and directing further proceedings related thereto to be returned to the Bankruptcy Court. *Sec. Inv'r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, 513 B.R. 222 (S.D.N.Y. 2014) (the "District Court ET Decision").

141. On November 22, 2016, this Court issued a decision granting in part and denying in part Defendants' motion to dismiss on extraterritoriality (the "Bankruptcy Court ET Decision"). *Sec. Inv'r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (ECF No. 14495).

142. On February 25, 2019, the Second Circuit reversed the rulings of the District Court and Bankruptcy Court. The Second Circuit held that neither the presumption against extraterritoriality nor international comity limits the reach of section 550(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, enabling the Trustee to recover property from certain subsequent transferees. Accordingly, the Second Circuit vacated the judgments of the Bankruptcy Court. *In re Picard, Tr. for Liquidation of Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, No. 17-2992 (L), 2019 WL 903978 (2d Cir. Feb. 25, 2019). Upon Defendants' motion, the Second Circuit then stayed the issuance of the mandate. *Id.*, (ECF No. 1503).

143. On August 29, 2019, Defendants filed a petition for a writ of certiorari in the Supreme Court of the United States. *HSBC Holdings PLC v. Irving H. Picard*, No. 19-277.

144. On September 30, 2019, amicus briefs in support of Defendants were filed by the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands; certain British Virgin Islands restructuring

146. On December 9, 2019, the Supreme Court invited the Solicitor General to file a brief expressing the views of the United States, and on April 10, 2020, the Solicitor General filed a brief recommending that the Supreme Court deny the petition.

**ii. Good Faith Appeal**

148. When the Trustee brought his intentional fraudulent transfer claims under section 548(a)(1)(A), he met his pleading burden under governing case law by alleging that BLMIS was a Ponzi scheme and that the defendants received transfers from BLMIS. *See Picard v. Merkin (In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC)*, 440 B.R. 243, 255–56 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2010) (citing *Bear, Stearns Sec. Corp. v. Gredd (In re Manhattan Inv. Fund Ltd.)*, 397 B.R. 1, 8 (S.D.N.Y. 2007)); *see also Bayou Superfund, LLC v. WAM Long/Short Fund II L.P., (In re Bayou Grp., LLC)*, 362 B.R. 624, 639 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2007). The burden then shifted to defendants to prove their affirmative defense, as set forth in section 548(c), that they received the transfers for value and in good faith. *See Merkin*, 440 B.R. at 256 (citing *Gredd v. Bear, Stearns Sec. Corp. (In re Manhattan Inv. Fund Ltd.)*, 310 B.R. 500, 508 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2002)).



151. Beginning in 2011, hundreds of defendants moved the District Court to withdraw its reference to the Bankruptcy Court.<sup>4</sup> The District Court withdrew the reference on numerous issues, including whether SIPA or the securities laws alter the standards for determining good faith under either §§ 548(c) or 550(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. *See* Order, No. 12 MC 0115 (JSR) (S.D.N.Y. June 23, 2012), ECF No. 197.

<sup>4</sup> See Common Briefing discussion *supra* Section (VI)(A) and Trustee's Twentieth Interim Report, ECF No. 18146.

part of his *prima facie* case to avoid and recover transfers under the Bankruptcy Code (the “Good Faith Decision”). *SIPC v. BLMIS*, 516 B.R. 18, 23–24 (S.D.N.Y. 2014). The Court reasoned that the usual rule that a defendant bears the burden of pleading an affirmative defense “would totally undercut SIPA’s twin goals of maintaining marketplace stability and encouraging investor confidence.” *Id.* at 24.

153. With regard to the standard used to evaluate a transferee’s lack of good faith, the District Court discarded the objective “inquiry notice” standard that governed the good faith affirmative defense for over a century. In its place, the District Court held that for purposes of SIPA recovery actions, “‘good faith’ means that the transferee neither had actual knowledge of the . . . fraud nor willfully blinded himself to circumstances indicating a high probability of such fraud.” *Id.* at 23. The District Court reasoned that because a securities investor has no inherent duty to inquire about his stockbroker, the inquiry notice standard that usually applied to avoidance actions was “unfair and unworkable.” *Id.* at 22. The District Court then returned the withdrawn actions to the Bankruptcy Court for further proceedings consistent with its ruling. *Id.* at 24.

154. The Trustee moved for certification of an interlocutory appeal, and numerous defendants opposed. *SIPC v. BLMIS (In re Madoff Sec.)*, No. 12-mc-00115, ECF Nos. 544, 550 (S.D.N.Y. June 23 & July 2, 2014). The District Court denied certification, holding that the Second Circuit should review the Good Faith Decision only after the Bankruptcy Court determined, in individual cases, whether the Trustee sufficiently pleaded a given defendant’s willful blindness. *SIPC v. BLMIS*, 516 B.R. at 25–26 (S.D.N.Y. July 21, 2014).

155. Two months later, the District Court issued the District Court ET Decision, concluding that because section 550(b) does not apply extraterritorially, the Trustee must plead

certain facts to establish that the subsequent transfers he seeks to recover are “domestic” transfers.<sup>5</sup> *SIPC v. BLMIS (In re Madoff)*, 513 B.R. 222, 232 n.4 (S.D.N.Y. 2014). Alternatively, the District Court held that recovery of subsequent transfers received from an entity in foreign liquidation proceedings would violate principles of international comity. *Id.* at 231–32. Following these decisions, the District Court returned the cases to this Court. Order Entered July 10, 2014, *In re Madoff Sec.*, No. 12-mc-115 (JSR) (S.D.N.Y.), ECF No. 552.

156. In view of the altered pleading standards, the Trustee filed an Omnibus Motion for Leave to Replead Pursuant to Federal Rule Civil Procedure 15(a) and Court Order Authorizing Limited Discovery Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(d)(1) (the “Omnibus Motion”) in August 2014. Mem. of Law on Omnibus Mot., *SIPC v. BLMIS*, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (CGM), ECF No. 7827. In this motion, the Trustee sought leave to file amended complaints with allegations sufficient to meet the new standards articulated by the District Court and leave to take limited discovery.

157. In September 2014, at a status conference on the Omnibus Motion, defense counsel argued that pending motions to dismiss based on extraterritoriality should be addressed prior to the Trustee’s request for discovery. Hr’g Tr. of Sept. 17, 2014 at 16:14–17, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Nov. 11, 2014), ECF No. 8636. In December 2014, this Court agreed, and stayed proceedings on the Omnibus Motion until after the extraterritoriality proceedings concluded. *See* Order at ¶ 14, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.), ECF No. 8800 (the “December 10 Scheduling Order”) (staying proceedings on the Trustee’s

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<sup>5</sup> *See* discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(i).

request for discovery and to replead based on good faith until after the Court ruled on the Defendants' motion to dismiss based on extraterritoriality).<sup>6</sup>

158. In November 2016, this Court issued its ruling on extraterritoriality.<sup>7</sup> See *SIPC v. BLMIS (In re Madoff)*, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (CGM), 2016 WL 6900689, at \*36 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Nov. 22, 2016). The Bankruptcy Court ET Decision resulted in partial dismissals of the Trustee's claims in approximately 20 actions and a complete dismissal of approximately 70 actions. The Trustee appealed that ruling to the Second Circuit, which reversed the decisions of the District Court and Bankruptcy Court. *In re Picard*, 917 F.3d 85 (2d Cir. 2019). In June 2020, the Supreme Court denied *certiorari*. *HSBC Holdings PLC v. Picard*, 140 S. Ct. 2824 (2020). See discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(i).

159. While the Trustee's appeal on extraterritoriality was pending before the Second Circuit, in July 2017, this Court ordered proceedings "solely on the Good Faith Limited Discovery Issue" of the Omnibus Motion for those actions that remained pending. Order at ¶¶ 1, 4, Adv. Pro. No. 08-1789 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. July 24, 2017), (ECF No. 16428). That order deferred proceedings on the issue of leave to replead concerning the Good Faith Issue in the Omnibus Motion until after the Court's disposition on the Trustee's request for limited discovery. In June 2018, the Court denied the Trustee's request for limited discovery concerning good faith. *SIPC v. BLMIS*, 2018 WL 2734825 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. June 5, 2018).

160. Thereafter, the Trustee moved for leave to amend his complaints to comport with the new standard articulated in the Good Faith Decision without any additional discovery on that issue. Judge Bernstein denied leave to amend in three separate cases against *Citibank*, *Fortis*, and

<sup>6</sup> The December 10 Scheduling Order was subsequently modified three times. See 08-1789, ECF Nos. 8990, 9350, 9720. None of the subsequent orders modified the original paragraph 14 of the December 10 Order concerning discovery and repleading as to good faith. See also Hr'g Tr. of Sept. 17, 2014 at 27:17–25, 08-1789 (Nov. 11, 2014), ECF No. 8636.

<sup>7</sup> See discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(i).

RBS, finding that the Trustee did not plead sufficient facts to meet the willful blindness standard. See *Picard v. Citibank, N.A.*, 608 B.R. 181 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2019); *Picard v. ABN Amro Bank (Ireland) Ltd (f/k/a Fortis Prime Fund Solutions Bank (Ireland) Limited)*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05355 (SMB), 2020 WL 401822 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Jan. 23, 2020); *Picard v. ABN AMRO Bank N.A.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05354 (SMB), 2020 WL 1584491 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. March 31, 2020). Because the *Citibank* decision was the first to result in a final judgment, the Trustee was finally able to appeal Judge Rakoff's 2014 ruling on good faith to the Second Circuit.

161. Proceeding on a slightly different track was the Trustee's case against Legacy Capital and Khronos.<sup>8</sup> Following the return of the cases from Judge Rakoff in 2014, the Trustee filed an amended complaint in the Bankruptcy Court and defendants Legacy and Khronos moved to dismiss, arguing that the Trustee had not adequately alleged willful blindness on the face of his complaint. The Bankruptcy Court agreed, dismissing those counts of the Trustee's complaint for which lack of good faith was an element of the affirmative defense under section 548(c) for initial transferee Legacy and under section 550(b) for subsequent transferee Khronos. *Picard v. Legacy Capital Ltd. (In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC)*, 548 B.R. 13 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2016). The Court did not dismiss counts relating to transfers of fictitious profits to defendants. *See Picard v. Legacy Capital Ltd. (In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC)*, 548 B.R. 13, 35 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2016). After the parties engaged in discovery, in December 2018, the Trustee moved for summary judgment,<sup>9</sup> which was granted in part.<sup>10</sup> Thereafter, the parties stipulated to

<sup>8</sup> While the issues against Legacy Capital and Khronos were on appeal, the Trustee continued to litigate against other subsequent transferees in the *Legacy Capital* action, which is discussed in Section (VI)(E)(v) below.

<sup>9</sup> *Picard v. Legacy Capital Ltd.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-5286, ECF No. 192.

<sup>10</sup> *Picard v. Legacy Capital Ltd. (In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC)*, 603 B.R. 682 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2019).

- Whether the District and Bankruptcy Courts erred by holding that transferees on inquiry notice of a broker-dealer's fraud nevertheless are protected by the statutory "good faith" defense so long as they do not willfully blind themselves to the fraud.
- Whether the District and Bankruptcy Courts erred by holding that SIPA shifts the burden of pleading a transferee's affirmative defense of good faith to the plaintiff-trustee.

163. Each appeal also presented the issue of whether, if the District Court did not err with respect to the standard for good faith or the pleading burden, whether the Bankruptcy Court therefore erred by either denying the Trustee leave to amend his complaint (*Citibank*) or dismissing certain claims in the Trustee's amended complaint (*Legacy*) where the Trustee had plausibly pleaded defendants' willful blindness to fraud at BLMIS. *Id.* The Second Circuit heard the appeals in tandem on March 12, 2021 before Circuit Judges Wesley, Sullivan, and Menashi.

<sup>11</sup> *Picard v. Legacy Capital Ltd.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-5286, ECF No. 231.

### E. BLMIS Feeder Fund Actions

**i. Picard v. Fairfield Greenwich**

<sup>12</sup> See *SIPC v. BLMIS*, 516 B.R. 18 (S.D.N.Y. 2014).

169. As part of the Fairfield Funds settlement, Sentry agreed to permanently reduce its net equity claim from approximately \$960 million to \$230 million. Additionally, the Joint Liquidators agreed to make a \$70 million payment to the Customer Fund. The Joint Liquidators also agreed to assign to the Trustee all of the Fairfield Funds' claims against the Fairfield Greenwich Group management companies, officers, and partners, and the Trustee retained his own claims against the management defendants. Further, the Trustee and the Joint Liquidators agreed to share future recoveries in varying amounts, depending on the nature of the claims.

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172. On June 6, 2012, the Trustee filed additional recovery actions against entities or persons related to Fairfield Greenwich Group employees or partners entitled *Picard v. RD Trust*, Adv. No. 12-01701 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.), *Picard v. Barrenche Inc.*, Adv. No. 12-01702 (BRL) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.), and *Picard v. Alix Toub*, Adv. No. 12-01703 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.). The parties in the *Toub* action have entered into a stipulated stay as permitted by this Court. None of the defendants in the three actions have responded yet to the Trustee's complaints.

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Finally, the parties consented to direct appeal of the extraterritoriality decision to the Second Circuit.

174. On March 16, 2017, the Trustee filed his notice of appeal in the *Fairfield, Barrenche, and RD Trust* actions. (ECF Nos. 229, 97, 93). On September 27, 2017, the Second Circuit issued an order granting the parties' request for certification for direct appeal of the appeal of the extraterritoriality decision. *Picard v. Banque Lombard Ordier & Cie SA.*, No. 17-1294 (2d Cir.), (ECF No. 388). On February 25, 2019, the Second Circuit vacated the judgment of the Bankruptcy Court and remanded the cases. *In re Picard, Tr. for Liquidation of Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, No. 17-2992 (L), 2019 WL 903978 (2d Cir. Feb. 25, 2019). After denying Defendants' petition for rehearing and rehearing en banc, on April 23, 2019, the Second Circuit granted Defendants' motion for a stay of the issuance of the mandate pending Defendants' filing of a petition for a writ of certiorari.

175. On January 24, 2019, in the action filed by the Joint Liquidators against the Fairfield management entities and individuals, *In re Fairfield Sentry Limited, et al.*, Adv. No. 10-13164 (CGM), the parties entered a stipulation substituting the Trustee as the plaintiff. (ECF No. 87). On February 22, 2019, the Trustee filed a motion to amend the complaint with an attached proffered Amended Complaint. (ECF No. 90).

176. On March 25, 2019, this Court approved a settlement between the Trustee and certain Fairfield management defendants, Lourdes Barrenche, Robert Blum, Cornelius Boele, Gregory Bowes, Howard Griesman, Jacqueline Harary, Richard Landsberger, Daniel Lipton, Mark McKeefry, Gordon McKenzie, Santiago Reyes, Andrew Smith, Barrenche, Inc., Dove Hill Trust, Fortuna Asset Management, Selecta Financial Corporation. *Sec. Inv'r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, No. 08-01789, Order (S.D.N.Y., March 25, 2019). (ECF No.

178. On September 25, 2019, this Court held a hearing with the Trustee and the remaining defendants in the consolidated actions regarding a future case schedule. At the hearing, the Trustee and the remaining defendants informed this Court they had agreed to enter mediation with Richard Davis as the mediator. The Court ordered the parties to report on the progress of the mediation at a hearing to be held on November 26, 2019 and further ordered all matters held in abeyance until December 31, 2019. (ECF No. 275).

180. On November 25, 2019, the pretrial conference scheduled for November 26, 2019 was adjourned until April 29, 2020. (ECF No. 277).

182. On May 19, 2020, the Court entered the Fourth Order on Mediation in which the Court ordered the parties to report on the progress of the mediation in writing by August 19, 2020 and further ordered all matters held in abeyance until July 31, 2020. (ECF No. 282).

185. On October 2, 2020, the Defendants filed their Reply Brief in Support of their Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Greenwich Group*, Adv. No. 10-03800 (ECF No. 129) with a letter regarding foreign authorities. (ECF No. 130). On October 20, 2020, this adversary proceeding was reassigned to Chief Judge Cecelia G. Morris. (ECF No. 138). On November 18, 2020, Chief Judge Morris held a joint conference with the parties in *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Ltd., et al.* and *Picard v. Fairfield Greenwich Group*. On November 18, 2020, the Court entered a stipulated order providing for supplemental briefing in response to the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Greenwich Group*, Adv. No. 10-03800, whereby the Trustee was to file his Supplemental Memorandum in Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss by November 25, 2020 and the Defendants were to file their Supplemental Memorandum in Support of the Motion to Dismiss by December 11, 2020. (ECF No. 137).

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to the Court regarding the parties' position on conflicts of law concerning the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss. (ECF No. 145). On December 11, 2020, the Defendants filed their Supplemental Memorandum in Support of the Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Greenwich Group*, Adv. No. 10-03800. (ECF No. 146). On December 18, 2020, the parties submitted a letter to the Court regarding the choice of law issues involved in the Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Greenwich Group*, Adv. No. 10-03800). (ECF No. 149). On January 13, 2021, the Court held a hearing on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Greenwich Group*, Adv. No. 10-03800.

187. On March 25, 2021, the Court issued its Memorandum Decision Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendants' Motion to Dismiss. (ECF No. 161). On April 8, 2021, the Court issued its order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendants' Motion to Dismiss. (ECF No. 162). Under the Court's order, the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss count one for breach of contract against defendant Fairfield Greenwich Limited, counts two and three for breach of contract against defendant Fairfield Greenwich Bermuda, and count five for constructive trust against all defendants, were denied. Under the Court's order, Defendants Fairfield Greenwich Limited and Fairfield Greenwich Bermuda's Motion to Dismiss count four for unjust enrichment was granted and was denied for all other defendants. The Court further ordered that the Trustee could proceed with discovery as against defendant Andres Piedrahita to determine the issue of general personal jurisdiction. (ECF No. 162).

188. *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited*, Adv. No. 09-1239, was reassigned to Chief Judge Cecelia G. Morris on October 20, 2020. (ECF No. 288). On October 21, 2020, a scheduling order was entered in the *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited* adversary proceeding whereby Defendants were to file a Motion to Dismiss in response to the Second

Amended Complaint by January 15, 2021, the Trustee was to file his Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss by April 15, 2021, and the Defendants were to file their Reply in Support of the Motion to Dismiss by May 31, 2021. (ECF No. 289). On November 18, 2020, the Court held a conference with the parties in the *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited* matter in conjunction with the parties in the *Picard v. Fairfield Greenwich Group* matter.

189. On January 15, 2021, the Defendants filed a Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited*, Adv. No. 09-1239. (ECF No. 305). On April 15, 2021, the Trustee filed his Opposition to the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited*, Adv. No. 09-1239. (ECF No. 311). On May 29, 2021, the Defendants filed their Reply in Support of Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited*, Adv. No. 09-1239. (ECF No. 313). On June 16, 2021, the Court held a hearing on the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss the Trustee's Second Amended Complaint in *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited*, Adv. No. 09-1239. (ECF No. 325).

190. On August 6, 2021, the Court issued its Memorandum Decision Denying the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited*, Adv. No. 09-1239, except for the claims against defendant Corina Noel Piedrahita in her personal capacity. (ECF No. 336). On September 14, 2021, the Court issued its Order Denying the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss in *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited*, Adv. No. 09-1239. (ECF No. 339). On September 30, 2021, the Defendants filed separate Answers to the Trustee's Second Amended Complaint in *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited*, Adv. No. 09-1239. (ECF Nos. 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347). The parties in *Picard v. Fairfield Investment Fund Limited*, Adv. No. 09-1239 have begun the discovery process.

ii. **The HSBC Action**

191. On July 15, 2009, the Trustee commenced an adversary proceeding against a handful of HSBC entities and international feeder funds in the financial services industry that transferred funds to and from BLMIS. *Picard v. HSBC Bank plc*, Adv. No. 09-01364 (BRL) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.) (the “HSBC Action”). After further investigation, the Trustee filed an amended complaint on December 5, 2010, expanding the pool of defendants to thirteen HSBC entities and forty-eight individuals and entities, and alleging that over 33% of all monies invested in Madoff’s Ponzi scheme were funneled by and through these defendants into BLMIS. (ECF No. 35).

192. On December 17, 2014, the Trustee, with the Court’s approval, settled his claims against Herald Fund SpC, Herald (Lux) SICAV, Primeo Fund and Senator Fund, which resulted in over \$600 million in consideration to the Estate. (ECF Nos. 338, 339, 349, 350, 352, 363).

193. On July 24, 2017, the Trustee, with the Court’s approval, settled his claims against Lagoon Investment Limited and Hermes International Fund Limited, which resulted in over \$240 million in consideration to the Estate. (ECF No. 16430).

194. On July 26, 2017, the Trustee, with the Court’s approval, settled his claims against Thema Wise Investments Limited and Thema Fund Limited, which resulted in over \$130 million in consideration to the Estate. (ECF No. 16431).

195. On October 20, 2017, this Court approved a settlement between the Trustee and Thema International Fund plc. (ECF No. 482). Under the settlement, Thema International paid approximately \$687 million to the BLMIS Customer Fund.

196. On March 27, 2018, this Court approved a partial settlement between the Trustee and Alpha Prime Fund, Ltd., which resulted in over \$76 million in consideration to the Estate. (ECF No. 497).

197. On July 27, 2019, Alpha Prime moved for judgment on the pleadings. (ECF No. 545). On August 27, 2019, the Trustee opposed that motion and cross-moved to amend the complaint. (ECF No. 548). Oral argument was heard on September 19, 2019, and on September 23, 2019, the Court denied Alpha Prime's motion to dismiss and granted the Trustee's motion to amend. (ECF No. 566).

198. On September 24, 2019, the Trustee filed his amended complaint against Alpha Prime. (ECF No. 567). Litigation is ongoing.

**iii. The UBS Action**

199. On November 23, 2010, the Trustee commenced an adversary proceeding against UBS AG along with several of its affiliated entities, Access International Advisors LLC along with several of its affiliated entities and individuals, Groupement Financier Ltd., and Luxalpha SICAV (collectively, the "Luxalpha Defendants"). The proceeding seeks the return of approximately \$1 billion under SIPA, the Bankruptcy Code, the New York Fraudulent Conveyance Act, and other applicable law for preferences, fraudulent conveyances, and damages in connection with certain transfers of property by BLMIS to or for the benefit of the Luxalpha Defendants, as well as other relief (the "Luxalpha Action"). *Picard v. UBS AG*, Adv. No. 10-04285 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Oct. 22, 2012).

200. On December 7, 2010, the Trustee commenced an adversary proceeding against UBS AG along with several of its affiliated entities, M&B Capital Advisors Sociedad de Valores S.A. along with several of its affiliated entities and individuals (the "M&B Defendants"), Reliance International Research LLC along with several of its affiliated entities and individuals, Landmark Investment Fund Ireland, and Luxembourg Investment Fund along with its affiliated funds (collectively, the "LIF Defendants"). The proceeding seeks the return of approximately \$555 million under SIPA, the Bankruptcy Code, the New York Fraudulent Conveyance Act, and



202. On March 2, 2020, the Trustee filed a Motion for Leave to File a Second Amended Complaint in the Luxalpha Action. On April 3, 2020, Luxalpha filed its Memorandum Of Law In Opposition To Trustee's Motion For Leave To File A Second Amended Complaint And In Support Of Cross Motion For Claim Determination And Allowance. On May 4, 2020, the Trustee filed his Reply Memorandum of Law in Further Support of the Trustee's Motion for Leave to File a Second Amended Complaint and Opposition to Cross Motion for Claim Determination and Allowance. On May 18, 2020, Luxalpha filed its Reply Memorandum of Law in Support of its Cross-Motion for Claim Determination and Allowance.

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206. During the Report Period, on August 30, 2021, the Second Circuit vacated the Bankruptcy Court’s dismissal of the Trustee’s actions against Citibank, N.A. and Legacy Capital, holding that in a SIPA liquidation the good faith defense is governed by an inquiry notice standard and that a SIPA trustee need not plead a transferee’s lack of good faith. *See Picard v. Citibank (In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC)*, 12 F.4<sup>th</sup> 171 (2d. Cir. 2021). *See* discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(ii). The Second Circuit’s decision governs the Trustee’s actions against other defendants, including the Luxalpha Defendants and LIF Defendants.

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208. On November 29, 2010, the Trustee commenced an action against Square One Fund Ltd. (“Square One”), Luc D. Estenne, Square Asset Management Ltd., Partners Advisers S.A., Circle Partners, and Kathryn R. Siggins (collectively, the “Square One Defendants”) seeking the return of approximately \$26.2 million under SIPA, the Bankruptcy Code, and the New York Debtor and Creditor Law in connection with certain transfers of property by BLMIS to or for the benefits of the Square One Defendants. *Picard v. Square One Fund Ltd.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-04330 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Nov. 29, 2010).

210. Square One filed a motion to dismiss on February 14, 2019. *Id.*, (ECF No. 170). On May 29, 2019, the Court held a hearing on Square One's motion to dismiss. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Court granted in part and denied in part the motion to dismiss. The Court subsequently entered an order granting in part and denying in part Square One's motion to dismiss on June 13, 2019. *Id.*, (ECF No. 177).

212. During the Report Period, the Trustee and Square One were engaged in active discovery.

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### v. Picard v. Legacy

216. As background, on November 12, 2019, the Bankruptcy Court entered a Stipulation and Order for Entry of Final Judgment (“Stipulated Order”), that included, among other things: (i) the Trustee’s and Legacy’s consent to the Bankruptcy Court’s entry of a final order and judgment in connection with the Trustee’s avoidance claim, and (ii) entry of the final order and judgment against Legacy in the amount of \$79,125,781.00. The Stipulated Order

further provided that “the Legacy Transfers are avoidable and avoided under § 548(a)(1)(A) and recoverable from Legacy under §550(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.”

217. On November 11, 2020, and within the time period set forth in §550(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Trustee filed a recovery complaint against Rafael Mayer, David Mayer, Montpellier International, Ltd., Prince Assets LDC, Khronos Group, Ltd., Montpellier USA Holdings, LLC, Price Resources LDC, Prince Capital Partners LLC, and Khronos Liquid Opportunities Fund Ltd. (collectively, the “Subsequent Transfer Defendants”). The complaint sought recovery of approximately \$49,505,850 in subsequent transfers of BLMIS customer property originally made to Montpellier and Prince by Legacy. Among the claims were claims for vicarious liability including alter ego liability, and piercing the corporate veil concerning the individual defendants.

218. On March 2, 2021, Subsequent Transfer Defendants Rafael Mayer, David Mayer, Price Resources LDC, Prince Capital Partners LLC, and Khronos Liquid Opportunities Fund Ltd. filed Motions to Dismiss the Trustee’s recovery complaint. Pursuant to a stipulated briefing schedule between the Trustee and the Subsequent Transfer Defendants, the Trustee’s Opposition to the Motions to Dismiss was scheduled to be filed on May 4, 2021, and the Subsequent Transfer Defendants’ reply papers were to be filed by June 1, 2021.

219. The Court set oral argument on the Motions to Dismiss for June 16, 2021. By stipulation, the Trustee and the Subsequent Transfer Defendants agreed to alter the briefing schedule on the Motions to Dismiss by extending the deadline for reply papers to June 15, 2021 and adjourning the oral argument date to July 28, 2021.

220. During the Report Period, B&H attorneys, on behalf of the Trustee, prepared opposition briefs in connection with the Motions to Dismiss filed by Rafael Mayer, David

Mayer, Price Resources LDC, Prince Capital Partners LLC, and Khronos Liquid Opportunities Fund Ltd. Additionally, the Trustee analyzed the reply papers filed by Rafael Mayer, David Mayer, Price Resources LDC, Prince Capital Partners LLC, and Khronos Liquid Opportunities Fund Ltd., and prepared for the June 28, 2021 scheduled oral argument on the Motions to Dismiss.

221. During the Report Period, B&H attorneys, on behalf of the Trustee, continued to evaluate the status of the Trustee's Appeal of the good faith standard under sections 548(c) and 550(b) of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Good Faith Appeal"). *Picard v. Legacy Capital Ltd.*, No. 20-1334 (2d Cir.). See discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(ii). As the Second Circuit's decision on the Good Faith Appeal was expected in the late summer/early fall of 2021, the Trustee requested a two-month extension of the July 28, 2021 argument date for the Subsequent Transfer Defendants' Motions to Dismiss. At the same time, the Trustee and counsel for Prince Resources LDC and Prince Capital Partners LLC entered in a stipulation whereby these two defendants agreed to withdraw their Motions to Dismiss without prejudice pending the appellate decision. On July 27, 2021, Judge Morris granted the Trustee's request to adjourn the hearings on the Motions to Dismiss and re-set the hearing date for September 15, 2021.

222. On August 30, 2021, the Second Circuit issued a decision concerning the Good Faith Appeal in *Picard v. Citibank, N.A.* and *Picard v. Legacy Capital, Ltd.* See discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(ii). The Second Circuit remanded the Legacy adversary proceeding to the Bankruptcy Court for the proceedings to continue consistent with the appellate decision.

223. During the Report Period, B&H attorneys, on behalf of the Trustee, considered the impact of the Second Circuit's Good Faith Appeal decision on the remanded Legacy adversary proceeding and began to analyze potential amendments to the pleadings in that matter.

B&H attorneys also began to work on a revised case management and discovery plan for the remanded Legacy adversary proceeding.

224. During the Report Period, B&H attorneys, on behalf of the Trustee, prepared for oral argument in connection with the Motions to Dismiss filed by Rafael Mayer, David Mayer, and Khronos Liquid Opportunities Fund Ltd. On September 15, 2021, the Court heard oral argument on the Motions to Dismiss in this adversary proceeding and reserved its opinion.

**F. Subsequent Transfer Actions**

225. The Trustee and B&H attorneys continue to pursue recovery actions against entities that received subsequent transfers of Customer Property from BLMIS through the Fairfield Funds, the Tremont funds and Harley.

226. The Trustee settled his claims against the Fairfield Funds in 2011. *Picard v. Fairfield Inv. Fund Ltd., et al.*, Adv. Pro. No. 09-1239 (CGM), ECF No. 107. As part of the settlement, the Bankruptcy Court entered a consent judgment in the amount of approximately \$3 billion, and the Fairfield Funds repaid only \$70 million to the Trustee. The Trustee then commenced approximately 75 cases to recover the subsequent transfers that defendants received from the Fairfield Funds.

227. The Trustee also settled his claims against the Tremont Funds in 2011. *Picard v. Tremont Group Holdings, Inc., et al.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05310 (SMB), ECF No. 38. As part of this settlement, the Tremont Funds repaid the Trustee \$1.025 billion out of the \$2.1 billion received from BLMIS. The Trustee has nine actions against defendants who received subsequent transfers from the Tremont Funds. These actions seek to recover a portion of the \$1 billion in transfers, which were not recovered as part of the settlement with the Tremont Funds.

228. The Trustee has eight actions against defendants who received subsequent transfers from Harley. In 2009, the Trustee filed an adversary proceeding against Harley that

230. All of these cases were affected by the Second Circuit’s decision on good faith under sections 548(c) and 550(b) in the Trustee’s cases against Citibank, N.A. and Legacy Capital Ltd. *See In re Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC*, Nos. 20-1333 & 20-1334, 2021 WL 3854761 (2d Cir. Aug. 30, 2021) (the “Citibank Decision”). *See* discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(ii).

232. Counsel for the Trustee is now meeting and conferring with counsel for each of the subsequent transfer defendants to discuss a date by which defendants will respond to the



Trustee's complaints and moving these cases into discovery. In approximately fifteen cases, the Trustee will also seek consent from defendants or leave from the Court to amend the Trustee's previously filed complaints based on information now available to the Trustee. Here, the Trustee will seek to add or correct transfers that defendants received from the various feeder funds, or to add a defendant and/or substitute a new defendant for an old one pursuant to Rule 15 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

**i. Picard v. Natixis, et al.**

233. On December 8, 2010, the Trustee commenced an action against Natixis, Natixis Corporate & Investment Bank (f/k/a Ixis Corporate & Investment Bank), Natixis Financial Products, Inc., Bloom Asset Holdings Fund, and Tensyr Ltd. (collectively, the "Natixis Defendants") seeking the return of approximately \$430 million under SIPA, the Bankruptcy Code, the New York Fraudulent Conveyance Act, and other applicable law for preferences, fraudulent transfers and fraudulent conveyances in connection with certain transfers of property by BLMIS to or for the benefit of the Natixis Defendants (the "Natixis Action"). *Picard v. Natixis*, Adv. No. 10-05353 (SMB) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Dec. 8, 2010).

234. On February 25, 2019, the Second Circuit issued its opinion regarding extraterritoriality and comity, reversing the Bankruptcy Court's 2016 decision. *In re Picard, Trustee for Liquidation of BLMIS*, 917 F.3d 85 (2d Cir. 2019). See discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(i). This Second Circuit decision revived claims against all Natixis Defendants. To give the Trustee time to analyze the Second Circuit decision, the parties entered a stipulation on February 27, 2019, staying the action for 30 days. *Picard v. Natixis*, Adv. No. 10-05353 (SMB) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.) (ECF No. 180). On March 28, 2019, the parties then entered a stipulation to stay the action until the mandate issues from the Second Circuit and the Bankruptcy Court's jurisdiction over the case is revived. *Id.* (ECF No. 181).

237. Following the Second Circuit’s decision in *Picard v. Citibank N.A.* and *Picard v. Legacy Capital, Ltd.*, in *Picard v. Citibank (In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC)*, 12 F.4<sup>th</sup> 171 (2d. Cir. 2021),<sup>13</sup> B&H attorneys are analyzing the filed complaint in the Natixis Action, investigating potential amendments, conferring with opposing counsel regarding scheduling, and assessing potential motion practice.

238. On December 8, 2010, the Trustee commenced an action against Nomura International plc (“Nomura”) seeking the return of approximately \$35 million under SIPA, the Bankruptcy Code, the New York Fraudulent Conveyance Act, and other applicable law for preferences, fraudulent conveyances, and damages in connection with certain transfers of property by BLMIS to or for the benefit of Nomura (the “Nomura Action”). *Picard v. Nomura Int’l plc*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05348 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Dec. 8, 2010). On June 6, 2012, the Trustee filed an Amended Complaint in the Nomura Action.

<sup>13</sup> See discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(ii).

Bankruptcy Code apply extraterritorially, permitting the Trustee to avoid initial transfers that were received abroad or to recover from initial, immediate, or mediate foreign transferees (the “Extraterritoriality Issue”). *See Sec. Inv’r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, No. 12-mc-0115 (JSR), ECF Nos. 97 and 167.

240. On July 7 and 28, 2014, the District Court entered an opinion and order, and a supplemental opinion and order, and returned the Nomura Action to the Bankruptcy Court for further proceedings. *See Sec. Inv’r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, No. 12-mc-0115 (JSR), ECF Nos. 551 and 556.

241. On December 31, 2014, Nomura filed a consolidated memorandum of law in support of a motion to dismiss concerning the Extraterritoriality Issue (the “Extraterritoriality Motion to Dismiss”).

242. On November 22, 2016, the Bankruptcy Court issued a Memorandum Decision Regarding Claims to Recover Foreign Subsequent Transfers that granted the Extraterritoriality Motion to Dismiss as to Nomura. *See Sec. Inv’r Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Inv. Sec. LLC*, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (SMB), 2016 WL 6900689 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Nov. 22, 2016). *See* discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(i).

243. On March 3, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order granting the Extraterritoriality Motion to Dismiss. *Picard v. Nomura Int’l plc*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05348 (SMB), ECF No. 108.

244. On April 4, 2017, the Trustee and Nomura filed a Certification to the Court of Appeals by All Parties. *Id.*, ECF No. 113. The Second Circuit subsequently authorized a direct appeal on October 13, 2017.

245. On February 25, 2019, the Second Circuit issued a decision that vacated the Bankruptcy Court's order. *In re Picard, Trustee for the Liquidation of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Secs. LLC*, 917 F.3d 85 (2d Cir. 2019). See discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(i).

246. On August 29, 2019, Nomura filed a petition for writ of certiorari in the United States Supreme Court. On June 1, 2020, the United States Supreme Court denied the petition for writ of certiorari. See discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(i). Also on June 1, 2020, the Second Circuit issued the mandate, returning the Nomura Action to the Bankruptcy Court.

247. On August 30, 2021, the Second Circuit vacated the Bankruptcy Court's dismissal of the Trustee's actions against Citibank, N.A. and Legacy Capital, holding that in a SIPA liquidation the good faith defense is governed by an inquiry notice standard and that a SIPA trustee need not plead a transferee's lack of good faith.<sup>14</sup> See *Picard v. Citibank (In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC)*, 12 F.4<sup>th</sup> 171 (2d. Cir. 2021). The Second Circuit's decision governs the Trustee's actions against other subsequent transferee defendants, including Nomura.

248. During the Report Period, the Trustee continued to investigate and analyze the facts of the case in anticipation of filing an amended complaint against Nomura and moving to consolidate the Nomura Action with a separate adversary proceeding the Trustee filed against Nomura on October 6, 2011, captioned as *Picard v. Nomura Int'l plc*, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (CGM) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Oct. 6, 2011)

## VII. INTERNATIONAL INVESTIGATION AND LITIGATION

249. The Trustee's international investigation and recovery of BLMIS estate assets involves, among other things: (i) identifying the location and movement of estate assets abroad, (ii) becoming involved in litigation brought by third parties in foreign courts, by appearance or otherwise, to prevent the dissipation of funds properly belonging to the estate, (iii) bringing

<sup>14</sup> See discussion *supra* Section (VI)(D)(ii).

actions before United States and foreign courts and government agencies to recover customer property for the benefit of the customers and creditors of the BLMIS estate, and (iv) retaining international counsel to assist the Trustee in these efforts, when necessary. More than seventy of the actions filed in this Court have involved international defendants, and the Trustee is involved in actions and investigations in several jurisdictions, including Austria, Cayman Islands, France, Israel, and the United Kingdom, among others.

250. The following summarizes key litigation involving foreign defendants in the Bankruptcy Court and in foreign courts.

**A. Austria**

251. The Trustee continues to actively investigate certain banks, institutions, and individuals located in this jurisdiction. In addition, the Trustee is actively engaged in discovery involving Austrian documents and witnesses.

**B. BVI**

252. The Trustee is actively investigating the involvement of several BVI-based feeder funds that funneled money into the Ponzi scheme.

**C. Cayman Islands**

253. The Trustee is actively monitoring certain third party BLMIS and HSBC-related proceedings currently pending in the Cayman Islands.

**D. England**

254. The Trustee currently has protective claims pending in England against HSBC and related entities. In addition, the Trustee is actively engaged in discovery involving English documents and witnesses.

**E. France**

255. The Trustee is actively monitoring certain third-party proceedings relating to BLMIS currently pending in France. In addition, the Trustee is actively engaged in discovery involving French documents and witnesses.

**F. Ireland**

256. The Trustee continues to investigate BLMIS-related third-party litigation currently pending in Ireland. In addition, the Trustee is actively engaged in discovery involving Irish documents and witnesses.

**G. Israel**

**i. Picard v. Magnify Inc.**

257. On December 6, 2010, the Trustee commenced an action against Magnify, Inc. and several related companies holding BLMIS accounts, individuals acting on behalf of these accounts, and several other recipients of transfers from these accounts (collectively, the “Magnify Defendants”) seeking the return of more than \$154 million under SIPA §§ 78fff(b) and 78fff-2(c)(3), §§ 105(a), 542, 544, 547, 548(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, the New York Fraudulent Conveyance Act, and other applicable laws for preferences, fraudulent conveyances, and damages in connection with certain transfers of property by BLMIS to or for the benefit of the Magnify Defendants. *Picard v. Magnify Inc.*, Adv. No. 10-05279 (CGM). On September 21, 2011, the Trustee filed an amended complaint in the action. (ECF No. 39). On September 29, 2017, the Trustee filed a second amended complaint. (ECF No. 143).

258. Following the Court’s Order of June 18, 2019 directing the parties to participate in mediation (ECF No. 181) and the July 11, 2019 order appointing Mr. Ted Berkowitz as the mediator (ECF No. 185), the parties engaged in a mediation from September 12-14, 2019 to consider a settlement framework that would involve both the U.S. action and the Trustee’s action

260. After the settlement was approved by the Bankruptcy Court, the Trustee focused on potential claims against several subsequent transferees.

262. During the Report Period, the Trustee and Israeli co-counsel worked with U.S. and Israeli experts in connection with expert reports and evidence submission in the indirect action consisting of affidavits pertaining to discovery and individual defendants. The evidence

264. The Trustee's counsel separately continued drafting a subsequent transferee complaint to be filed in the United States against various Israeli academic institutions that received transfers from YHA. In connection with that complaint, Trustee's counsel researched various legal issues, examined the defendants' activities and roles, and confirmed analyses associated with the money received by these defendants. The Trustee filed the subsequent transfer complaint on September 27, 2021 in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York.

265. The Trustee is actively monitoring certain third-party proceedings relating to BLMIS currently pending in Liechtenstein.



**I. Switzerland and Luxembourg**

266. In 2010, the Trustee filed two lawsuits in this Court against Switzerland-based UBS AG and other UBS and HSBC related entities based in Luxembourg and various feeder funds, management companies, and individuals. The Trustee also continues to monitor certain BLMIS-related third-party actions currently pending in these jurisdictions. In addition, the Trustee is actively engaged in discovery involving Luxembourg documents and witnesses.

**VIII. RECOVERIES AND CONTINGENCIES**

**A. Recoveries Accomplished During Prior Report Periods**

267. In the Sixth through Twenty-Fifth Interim Reports, the Trustee reviewed the significant settlements entered into during those periods and prior report periods. Prior to this Report Period, the Trustee had recovered or reached agreements to recover approximately \$14.418 billion for the benefit of BLMIS customers.

**B. Recoveries Accomplished During This Report Period**

268. During the Report Period, the Trustee settled 21 cases. Additionally, the Trustee received recoveries in connection with settlements totaling \$74,745,540.76. As of the end of the Report Period, the Trustee has successfully recovered or reached agreements to recover nearly \$14.493 billion.

269. The Trustee has identified claims in at least eight shareholder class action suits that BLMIS filed before the Trustee's appointment arising out of its proprietary and market making desk's ownership of securities. During the Report Period, the Trustee had received distributions from seven of these class action settlements totaling over \$91,000. The Trustee has not and will not receive any distributions from the eighth class action settlement.

270. In addition, the Trustee has identified claims that BLMIS may have in 201 other class action suits also arising out of its proprietary and market making activities. The Trustee has

### A. The Customer Fund

272. In order to make interim distributions from the Customer Fund, the Trustee must determine or be able to sufficiently estimate: (a) the total value of customer property available for distribution (including reserves for disputed recoveries), and (b) the total net equity of all allowed claims (including reserves for disputed claims). Each element of the equation—the customer property numerator and the net equity claims denominator—is inherently complex in a liquidation of this magnitude.

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of property to the Customer Fund, or the “numerator” (taking reserves into account), (b) the amount of allowable net equity claims, or the “denominator” (also taking reserves into account), and (c) the calculation of each customer’s minimum ratable share of the Customer Fund.

274. The Trustee previously filed twelve motions seeking entry of orders approving allocations of property to the Customer Fund and authorizing pro rata interim distributions of Customer Property. This Court entered orders approving those motions:

No. of Distribution	Date of Distribution	Amount Allocated	Amount Distributed Through 9/30/21	Percentage Distributed	ECF No. for Motion	ECF No. for Order
1	10/05/2011	\$2.618 billion	\$884.6 million	4.602%	4048	4217
2	09/19/2012	\$5.501 billion	\$6.431 billion	33.556%	4930	4997
3	03/29/2013	\$1.198 billion	\$900.7 million	4.721%	5230	5271
4	05/05/2014	\$477.504 million	\$605.9 million	3.180%	6024	6340
5	02/06/2015	\$756.538 million	\$522.2 million	2.743%	8860	9014
6	12/04/15	\$345.472 million <sup>15</sup>	\$1.567 billion	8.262%	9807 and 11834	12066
7	06/30/16	\$247.013 million	\$246.7 million	1.305%	13405	13512
8	02/02/17	\$342.322 million	\$326.4 million	1.729%	14662	14836
9	02/22/18	\$1.303 billion	\$716.3 million	3.806%	17033	17195
10	02/22/19	\$515.974 million	\$512.1 million	2.729%	18295	18398
11	02/28/20	\$988.770 million	\$369.3 million	1.975%	19226	19245
12	2/26/21	\$74.325 million	\$231.4 million	1.240%	20066	20209
<b>TOTAL</b>	N/A	\$14.368 billion	\$13.314 billion	69.848%	N/A	N/A

## B. The General Estate

275. If the Trustee is able to fully satisfy the net equity claims of the BLMIS

<sup>15</sup> This represents the amount allocated to the Customer Fund in the Supplemental Sixth Allocation and Sixth Interim Distribution Motion filed on October 20, 2015. The original Sixth Allocation and Sixth Interim Motion filed on April 15, 2015 did not allocate any additional recoveries to the Customer Fund; the Trustee simply re-allocated \$1,448,717,625.26 of funds that had previously been allocated to the Customer Fund for the Time-Based Damages Reserve.

## X. FEE APPLICATIONS AND RELATED APPEALS

277. Objections were filed to six of the thirty-six fee applications submitted by the Trustee and B&H. Discussions of the objections to the first through sixth fee applications, and related motions for leave to appeal the Court's orders granting the Trustee's and B&H's fee applications and overruling those objections, are discussed more fully in the Trustee's Amended Third Interim Report ¶¶ 186–90 (ECF No. 2207); the Trustee's Fourth Interim Report ¶¶ 163–66 (ECF No. 3083); the Trustee's Fifth Interim Report ¶¶ 134–43 (ECF No. 4072); and the Trustee's Sixth Interim Report ¶¶ 131–42 (ECF No. 4529). No decision has been entered on the motion for leave to appeal the Second Interim Fee Order, No. M47-b (DAB) (S.D.N.Y.). The motion for leave to appeal the Sixth Interim Fee Order was withdrawn on September 10, 2014. *Sec. Investor Prot. Corp. v. Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, Case No. 11 MC 00265 (PGG) (S.D.N.Y.), (ECF No. 9).

278. On March 8, 2021, the Trustee and his counsel filed the Thirty-Fifth Application for Interim Compensation for Services Rendered and Reimbursement of Actual and Necessary Expenses incurred from August 1, 2020 through and including November 30, 2020 with the Bankruptcy Court. (ECF No. 20323). Special counsel and international special counsel also filed applications for Interim Professional Compensation. (ECF Nos. 20328 – 20339). A Certificate of

279. On July 6, 2021, the Trustee and his counsel filed the Thirty-Sixth Application for Interim Compensation for Services Rendered and Reimbursement of Actual and Necessary Expenses incurred from December 1, 2020 through and including March 31, 2021 with the Bankruptcy Court. (ECF No. 20603). Special counsel and international special counsel also filed applications for Interim Professional Compensation. (ECF Nos. 20604–206017, 20619). A Certificate of No Objection was filed on August 9, 2021, and an Order was entered granting the Applications on August 10, 2021. (ECF No. 20685).

## XI. CONCLUSION

The foregoing report represents a summary of the status of this proceeding and the material events that have occurred through September 30, 2021, unless otherwise indicated. This Report will be supplemented and updated with further interim reports.

Dated: New York, New York  
October 29, 2021

Respectfully submitted,

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*/s/ Irving H. Picard*  


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Substantively Consolidated SIPA Liquidation  
of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities  
LLC and the Chapter 7 Estate of Bernard L.  
Madoff*

*Trustee for the Substantively Consolidated  
SIPA Liquidation of Bernard L. Madoff  
Investment Securities LLC and the Chapter 7  
Estate of Bernard L. Madoff*

# EXHIBIT A

Period Ended September 30, 2021

Report No. 154

CASH RECEIPTS:

	Net Change		Total	Cumulative Detail			Code
	for Period	Prior Period		Customer Fund	General Estate	SIPC	
Beginning Cash Balance	\$41,916,400.74	Cumulative	Received				
Transfer from Debtor's Estate - Securities	0.00	289,841,911.70	289,841,911.70	289,841,911.70			4011
Transfers from Debtor's Estate - BNY Account	0.00	336,660,934.06	336,660,934.06	336,660,934.06			4014
Transfers from Debtor's Estate - Chase Account	0.00	235,156,309.36	235,156,309.36	235,156,309.36			4016
Transfers from Debtor's Estate - Other	0.00	4,036,145.08	4,036,145.08	4,036,145.08			4018
Interest and Dividends	0.00	1,843,180.59	1,843,180.59	1,843,180.59			4040
Closeout Proceeds - Broker Dealers	0.00	37,316,297.78	37,316,297.78	37,316,297.78			4030
Closeout Proceeds - NSCC	0.00	21,783,082.40	21,783,082.40	21,783,082.40			4031
Closeout Proceeds - DTCC	0.00	18,001,787.96	18,001,787.96	18,001,787.96			4032
Sale of Debtor's Assets	0.00	47.26	47.26	47.26			4070
- Sports Tickets	0.00	91,037.20	91,037.20	91,037.20			4071
- Bank Debt Participations	0.00	7,959,450.94	7,959,450.94	7,959,450.94			4072
- DTCC Shares	0.00	204,170.51	204,170.51	204,170.51			4073
- Market Making Business	0.00	1,419,801.63	1,419,801.63	1,419,801.63			4075
- Abtech	0.00	795,000.00	795,000.00	795,000.00			4076
- NSX Shares	0.00	100,734.60	100,734.60	100,734.60			4077
- BLM Air Charter	0.00	6,494,631.95	6,494,631.95	6,494,631.95			4074
- Auction Sales	0.00	644,579.15	644,579.15	644,579.15			4078
- Other	0.00	11,428.57	11,428.57	11,428.57			4079
Administrative Subtenant Rent Revenue	0.00	531,078.49	531,078.49	531,078.49			4111
Adjusting Administrative Subtenant Rent Revenue	0.00	(531,078.49)	-531,078.49	(531,078.49)			4111a
Refunds - Deposits	0.00	9,841.45	9,841.45	9,841.45			4091
- Dues/Subscriptions	0.00	177,247.15	177,247.15	177,247.15			4092
- Car Registrations	0.00	157.00	157.00	157.00			4093
- Vendors	0.00	62,451.27	62,451.27	62,451.27			4094
- Transit Cards	0.00	833.61	833.61	833.61			4095
- Insurance/Workers Comp	0.00	442,311.56	442,311.56	442,311.56			4096
- Ref. - Political Contributions	0.00	144,500.00	144,500.00	144,500.00			4097
- Refunds Other	0.00	50.84	50.84	50.84			4099
Recoveries - Customer Avoidances	0.00	112,392,379.79	112,392,379.79	112,392,379.79			4020
- Pre-Litigation Settlements	0.00	1,903,783,597.98	1,903,783,597.98	1,903,783,597.98			4021
- Litigation Settlements	4,709,922.34	11,380,689,737.38	11,385,399,659.72	11,385,399,659.72			4022
- Donation Settlements	0.00	875,000.00	875,000.00	875,000.00			4023
- Vendor Preferences	0.00	809,850.39	809,850.39	809,850.39			4024
- MSIL Liquidation	0.00	1,034,311.82	1,034,311.82	1,034,311.82			4025
- Employees	0.00	10,674.74	10,674.74	10,674.74			4102
- Taxing Authorities	0.00	12,777.56	12,777.56	12,777.56			4103
- Class Actions	0.00	2,746,747.64	2,746,747.64	2,746,747.64			4104
- NASDAQ	0.00	308,948.49	308,948.49	308,948.49			4105
- NYSE	0.00	183,683.79	183,683.79	183,683.79			4106
- Transaction Fees	0.00	96,816.23	96,816.23	96,816.23			4107
- Other	0.00	796,298.73	796,298.73	796,298.73			4109
Miscellaneous	0.00	0.36	0.36	0.36			4110
Earnings on Trustee's Investments	69.00	112,890,411.90	112,890,480.90	112,890,480.90			4120
Interest on Trustee's Savings Accounts	28,674.78	8,106,356.09	8,135,030.87	8,135,030.87			4140
	<b>\$4,738,666.12</b>	<b>\$14,487,935,516.51</b>	<b>\$14,492,674,182.63</b>	<b>\$14,492,674,182.63</b>			
Administration - Advances	0.00	2,100,958,767.66	2,100,958,767.66			2,100,958,767.66	2901
Securities - Paid Bank Loans	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	2921
- Cash in Lieu *See (4) on Page 3	0.00	849,443,412.47	849,443,412.47			849,443,412.47	2922
Sub-total SIPC Advances	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$2,950,402,180.13</b>	<b>\$2,950,402,180.13</b>			<b>\$2,950,402,180.13</b>	
Funds Transferred from Investment Accounts *See Note (2) on Page 3	0.00	12,412,904,815.23	12,412,904,815.23				1901
Total Cash Receipts	<b>\$4,738,666.12</b>	<b>\$29,851,242,511.87</b>	<b>\$29,855,981,177.99</b>	<b>\$14,492,674,182.63</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$2,950,402,180.13</b>	



Period Ended September 30, 2021

Report No. 154

**CASH DISBURSEMENTS:**

**Administrative Disbursements**

**General Administrative Disbursements**

	Net Change for Period	Prior Period Cumulative	Cumulative Total Paid	Code
Computer - Rental	0.00	11,121.59	11,121.59	5011
- Software Support	0.00	55,159.20	55,159.20	5012
- Equipment Leases	0.00	204,159.01	204,159.01	5013
Employee Related - Salaries-Net	0.00	4,361,844.80	4,361,844.80	5020
- FICA-Employer	0.00	318,550.60	318,550.60	5021
- Fed. & St. Unemploy.	0.00	4,296.08	4,296.08	5023
- Temporary Help	0.00	29,612.50	29,612.50	5024
- Employee Medical Plan	0.00	830,103.99	830,103.99	5025
- Employee LTD	0.00	6,887.03	6,887.03	5026
- Employee Expense Reimbursement	0.00	1,125.87	1,125.87	5027
- Employee Life/AD&D	0.00	9,006.83	9,006.83	5028
- Other	0.00	1,622.90	1,622.90	5029
Insurance - Trustee Bond	0.00	7,200.00	7,200.00	5030
Insurance - Surety & Fidelity Bonds	0.00	37,400.00	37,400.00	5031
Insurance Workers Comp	0.00	12,578.00	12,578.00	5032
- Other	0.00	62,827.96	62,827.96	5039
Fees - Payroll Processing	0.00	8,195.96	8,195.96	5045
Fees - Escrow	0.00	1,221,698.85	1,221,698.85	5046
- Other	0.00	24,168.64	24,168.64	5047
Expenses for Asset Sales	0.00	48,429.09	48,429.09	5048
Rent - Office	0.00	3,987,347.17	3,987,347.17	5050
- Adjustment for Administrative Subtenant Rent Revenue	0.00	(531,078.49)	(531,078.49)	5050a
- Equipment	0.00	1,695.89	1,695.89	5051
- Warehouse	20,024.29	2,420,656.90	2,440,681.19	5052
- Bulova	0.00	310,130.75	310,130.75	5053
- Other	0.00	69,725.61	69,725.61	5059
Costs - Vacating 885 Third Avenue	0.00	20,179.46	20,179.46	5111
Telephone and Telegraph	0.00	360,456.68	360,456.68	5060
Communication Fees	0.00	670,057.02	670,057.02	5061
Utilities - Electricity	300.82	57,387.69	57,688.51	5070
Office Supplies & Expense - Maint. & Repairs	0.00	79,338.86	79,338.86	5080
- Moving & Storage	4,886.60	524,037.78	528,924.38	5081
- Postage/Handling/Preparation	0.00	40,961.12	40,961.12	5082
- Reproduction	0.00	183,889.65	183,889.65	5083
- Locksmith	0.00	5,811.39	5,811.39	5084
- Security	0.00	249,897.70	249,897.70	5085
- Supplies	0.00	3,865.31	3,865.31	5086
- Temporary Help	0.00	4,588,642.69	4,588,642.69	5087
- Process Server - Complaint	0.00	244,026.52	244,026.52	5088
- Other	0.00	36,250.63	36,250.63	5089
Taxes	0.00	555.51	555.51	5090
NYC Commercial Rent Tax	0.00	154,269.47	154,269.47	5091
Claims Related Costs - Mailing Costs	0.00	23,053.28	23,053.28	5101
- Publication	0.00	163,961.13	163,961.13	5102
- Supplies	0.00	16,244.58	16,244.58	5103
- Printing	0.00	2,207.42	2,207.42	5104
Court Related Noticing - Postage/Handling/Preparation *See Note (1) Below	0.00	0.00	0.00	5106
- Reproduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	5107
- Supplies	0.00	0.00	0.00	5108
Scanning - Investigation	0.00	5,189,846.75	5,189,846.75	5110
Foreign Research	0.00	38,975.00	38,975.00	5112
Miscellaneous	0.00	666.91	666.91	5115
Hosting Expense	30,352.00	62,744,565.44	62,774,917.44	5244
Sub-total General Admin. Disbursements	\$55,563.71	\$88,913,614.72	\$88,969,178.43	
<b>Professional Fees and Expenses</b>				
Trustee Fees	0.00	4,377,662.10	4,377,662.10	5200
Trustee Expenses	0.00	2,549.25	2,549.25	5201
Trustee Counsel Fees (Baker)	5,562,576.70	1,317,254,802.61	1,322,817,379.31	5210
Trustee Counsel Expenses (Baker)	382,004.79	19,650,752.72	20,032,757.51	5211
Trustee Counsel Fees (Windels)	0.00	74,974,037.18	74,974,037.18	5212
Trustee Counsel Expenses (Windels)	0.00	740,647.55	740,647.55	5213
Special Counsel Fees	0.00	99,803,587.95	99,803,587.95	5220
Special Counsel Expenses	0.00	15,013,843.52	15,013,843.52	5221
Accountant Fees	0.00	0.00	0.00	5230
Accountant Expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00	5231
Consultant Fees	1,254,239.50	469,719,617.09	470,973,856.59	5240
Consultant Expenses *See Note (1) Below	29,372.71	20,795,968.48	20,825,341.19	5241
Investment Banker Fees	0.00	1,050,000.00	1,050,000.00	5242
Sales Tax	0.00	1,774,347.04	1,774,347.04	5243
Mediator Fees	7,306.20	5,050,180.23	5,057,486.43	5245
Mediator Expenses	2.30	14,097.21	14,099.51	5246
Receiver Counsel Fees	0.00	300,000.00	300,000.00	5260
Receiver Counsel Expenses	0.00	6,449.08	6,449.08	5261
Receiver's Consultants Fees	0.00	316,000.00	316,000.00	5262
Receiver's Consultants Expenses	0.00	15,000.00	15,000.00	5263
Sub-total Professional Fees and Expenses	\$7,235,502.20	\$2,030,859,542.01	\$2,038,095,044.21	
Total Administrative Disbursements	\$7,291,065.91	\$2,119,773,156.73	\$2,127,064,222.64	

Period Ended September 30, 2021

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<u>CASH DISBURSEMENTS:</u>		Net Change	Prior Period	Total	Cumulative Totals			
<u>Claim Related Disbursements</u>		for Period	Cumulative	Paid	Customer Fund	General Estate	SIPC	Code
Customer - Paid Bank Loan								6021
- Securities - Cash in Lieu *See Note (4) below		30,000.00	14,163,096,395.56	14,163,126,395.56	13,313,652,983.09		849,473,412.47	6022
- Securities - Purchases								6023
- Indemnification								6031
- Cash Balance								6041
Customer -								6050
Customer -								6060
Customer - Trustee Journal Entry								
per Allocation								6000
Other - Contractual Commitments								6111
- Pd. Bank Loan								6121
- Indemnification								6131
Other -								6140
Other -								6150
Other -								6160
Other - Trustee Journal Entry								
per Allocation								6100
General Creditor								6200
Sub-total Claim Disbursements		\$30,000.00	\$14,163,096,395.56	\$14,163,126,395.56	\$13,313,652,983.09	\$0.00	\$849,473,412.47	
<u>Other Disbursements (except investments)</u>								
SIPC - Refunds - Recoupment								6301
- Indemnification								6310
- Contr. Commitments								6311
- Paid Bank Loan								6321
- Subrogation		0.00	247,932,477.71	247,932,477.71	247,932,477.71			6322
Other -								6400
Other -								6401
Other -								6402
Other -								6403
Other -								6404
Sub-total Other Disbursements		\$0.00	\$247,932,477.71	\$247,932,477.71	\$247,932,477.71	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Investments by Trustee - Purchases *See Note (2) Below		\$28,743.78	\$13,278,524,081.13	\$13,278,552,824.91				1900
Sub-total Administrative Disb. - page 2		\$7,291,065.91	\$2,119,773,156.73	\$2,127,064,222.64	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,127,064,222.64	
Total Disbursements		\$7,349,809.69	\$29,809,326,111.13	\$29,816,675,920.82	\$13,561,585,460.80	\$0.00	\$2,976,537,635.11	
Total Receipts less Disbursements		(\$2,611,143.57)	\$41,916,400.74	\$39,305,257.17	\$931,088,721.83	\$0.00	(\$26,135,454.98)	
Ending Cash Balance *See Note (3) Below		\$39,305,257.17						

\* Note (2) Two preferred custody accounts and an insured money market account have been established at Citibank for investment purposes and additional investment accounts are maintained at JP Morgan Chase and Goldman Sachs. The Goldman Sachs Account was established in December 2016 in connection with the Chais Settlement. A Broker's account, which was previously established at Morgan Joseph, was closed in January 2012. Since January 20, 2009, \$13,278,552,824.91 of recovered funds have been transferred into these investment accounts and \$12,412,904,815.23 of these funds have subsequently been used for interim distributions to customers with allowed claims and for operations. (See Page 5 for more details).

\* Note (3) The ending cash balance includes a \$ 37,911,702.41 balance in the Citibank Business Checking Account and \$ 1,393,554.76 in the Citibank Distribution Account.

\* Note (4) The difference between Customer Claim payments of \$849,473,412.47 and SIPC Advances of \$849,443,412.47 is the result of timing differences between the date the claim was paid and the date of the advance.

Period Ended September 30, 2021

Report No. 154

**SUMMARY INFORMATION ON STATUS OF LIQUIDATION**

	Customer Claimants	Broker/Dealer Claimants	General Estate Claimants
Claims received	16,521	49	95
Claims satisfied by distribution of cash and/or securities:			
a. As part of the transfer in bulk			
b. On an account by account basis-Fully Satisfied	1,728		
c. On an account by account basis-Partially Satisfied	926		
	2,654	-	-
Claims Determined - no claims	12		
Claims Deemed Determined - pending litigation	11		
Claims Determined - withdrawn	417		
Claims Determined but not yet satisfied	1		
Claims under review	-	49	95
Claims Denied:			
a. Other Denials for which no objections were filed	10,320		
b. Denials for which objections were filed:			
- Trustee's Determinations Affirmed	3,000		
- Hearing not yet set	99		
- Set for Hearing	7		
	13,867	49	95

**Filing Date Value**

Customer name securities distributed

Customer fund securities distributed

\$

*Irving H. Picard / by Denis D'Amico*  
 (Trustee's Signature)

October 19, 2021

(Date)

*William Kingford*  
 (Accountant's Signature)

October 19, 2021

(Date)

Period Ended September 30, 2021

Report No. 154

IRVING H. PICARD, TRUSTEE FOR THE LIQUIDATION OF BLMIS, LLC  
Investment Accounts

	Citibank Preferred Custody Account				Citibank IMMA Account	
	Cash Assets/Mutual Funds (6)	U.S. Treasury Bills (5)	Accrued Interest (5)	Account Balance	Account Balance (6)	Total Citibank
<b>Balance August 31, 2021</b>	400	160,009,128	-	160,009,528	249,647,345	409,656,873
Maturing of U.S. Treasury Bills				-		
Purchase of U.S. Treasury Bills				-		
Sales of Equity Securities				-		
Realized Gains (Losses)				-		
Unrealized Gain or (Loss)		7,341		7,341		7,341
Interest and Dividends Earned						
Interest				-	10,260	10,260
Dividends				-		-
Transfer of Funds from an Escrow Account				-		
Transfer of Funds to the Citibank IMMA Account				-		-
Transfer of Funds from the Citibank Operating Account						-
<b>Balance September 30, 2021</b>	400	160,016,469	-	160,016,869	249,657,605	409,674,474

	JP Morgan Chase				Neuberger Berman		Goldman Sachs		
	Cash/Escrow Fund (6)	Savings/Commercial (6)	U.S. Treasury Bills (5)	Account Balance	Alternative Investments (6)	Account Balance	Cash Assets/Mutual Funds (6)	Alternative Investments (6)	Account Balance
<b>Balance August 31, 2021</b>	-	451,350,545	-	451,350,545	46,342	46,342	1,820,987	3,087,978	4,908,965
Maturing of U.S. Treasury Bills									
Purchase of U.S. Treasury Bills									
Sale of Securities									
Distributions Received							83,334	(83,334)	-
Taxes Withheld on Distributions									
Unrealized Gain or (Loss)								253,305	253,305
Annual Custody Fee									-
Interest and Dividends Earned		18,415		18,415			69		69
Transfer of Funds to the Citibank Operating Account									
<b>Balance September 30, 2021</b>	-	451,368,960	-	451,368,960	46,342	46,342	1,904,390	3,257,949	5,162,339

\* Note (5) The summation of U.S. Treasury Bills is \$160,016,469.

\* Note (6) The summation of these short-term investments, money market funds, savings accounts, mutual fund accounts and other investments, including alternative investments is \$706,235,646.

Period Ended September 30, 2021

Report No. 154

IRVING H. PICARD, TRUSTEE FOR THE LIQUIDATION OF BLMIS, LLC  
Consultant Expenses for Court Related Noticing and Interim Distributions

	Net Change for Period	Prior Period Cumulative	Cumulative Total Paid
Postage / Handling / Preparation	0.00	544,869.02	544,869.02
Printing	0.00	44,945.40	44,945.40
Reproduction Costs	0.00	762,418.30	762,418.30
Supplies	0.00	100,129.32	100,129.32
<b>Total *See Note Below</b>	<b><u>\$0.00</u></b>	<b><u>\$1,452,362.04</u></b>	<b><u>\$1,452,362.04</u></b>

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\*Note: All of the expenses above were incurred by consultants in connection with court related noticing procedures and Interim Distributions, which are included in the Consultant Expenses line (Account #5241) on Page 2 of the SIPC Form 17.

## EXHIBIT B

### SIPC v. BLMIS

Case No. 08-01789 (CGM)

### ACTIVE GOOD FAITH CASES<sup>1</sup>

APN	DEFENDANT(S)	CASE STATUS
10-04341	Marden, et al.	Settled in principle
10-04343	Patrice Auld, et al.	Settled in principle
10-04348	Marden Family Limited Partnership, et al.	Settled in principle
10-04352	RAR Entrepreneurial Fund LTD, et al.	Case pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>2</sup>
10-04362	Sage Associates, et al.	Case pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>2</sup>
10-04384	Lanx BM Investments, LLC, et al.	Settled in principle
10-04394	Frederic Z. Konigsberg, et al.	
10-04400	Sage Realty, et al.	Case pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>2</sup>
10-04438	Estate of Seymour Epstein, et al.	Appeal pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>3</sup>
10-04468	Ken-Wen Family Limited Partnership, et al.	
10-04492	Stuart Leventhal 2001 Irrevocable Trust, et al.	
10-04503	Judd Robbins	
10-04538	James B. Pinto Revocable Trust U/A dtd 12/1/03, et al.	
10-04539	The Gerald and Barbara Keller Family Trust, et al.	Appeal pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>3</sup>
10-04562	Robert F. Ferber	
10-04570	Jacob M. Dick Rev Living Trust DTD 4/6/01, et al.	Motion to Withdraw the Reference pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>4</sup>
10-04610	The Whitman Partnership, et al.	

<sup>1</sup> Three cases were settled and the parties entered into settlement agreements during the Report Period. See *Picard v. Richard G. Eaton*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05377; *Picard v. Gunther K. Unflat*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05420; *Picard v. Jaffe Family Investment Partnership, et al.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-04655. The Bankruptcy Court closed the *Jaffe* and *Eaton* cases on October 6, 2021 and October 22, 2021, respectively.

<sup>2</sup> See *Picard v. Sage Associates*, No. 20-cv-10057 (AJN) (S.D.N.Y.); *Picard v. Sage Realty*, No. 20-cv-10109 (AJN) (S.D.N.Y.); *Picard v. RAR Entrepreneurial Fund LTD*, No. 20-cv-01029 (JMF) (S.D.N.Y.); *Picard v. Zieses Investment Partnership*, No. 20-cv-02872 (VSB) (S.D.N.Y.).

<sup>3</sup> See *Picard v. Estate of Seymour Epstein*, No. 21-cv-02334 (CM) (S.D.N.Y.); *Picard v. The Gerald and Barbara Keller Family Trust*, No. 21-cv-08678 (JPO) (S.D.N.Y.).

<sup>4</sup> See *Picard v. Jacob M. Dick Rev Living Trust DTD 4/6/01*, No. 21-cv-00706 (JPO) (S.D.N.Y.); *Picard v. Goodman*, No. 20-cv-04767 (MKV) (S.D.N.Y.); *Picard v. Goodman*, No. 21-cv-00907 (VSB) (S.D.N.Y.); *Picard v. Estate of James M. Goodman*, No. 21-cv-01763 (ER) (S.D.N.Y.).

APN	DEFENDANT(S)	CASE STATUS
10-04631	151797 Canada Inc., Judith Pencer, Samuel Pencer, et al.	
10-04667	David Gross, et al.	
10-04669	Zieses Investment Partnership, et al.	Case pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>2</sup>
10-04702	S&L Partnership, a New York partnership, et al.	Settled in principle
10-04709	Andrew M. Goodman	Motion to Withdraw the Reference pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>4</sup>
10-04750	Samdia Family L.P., a Delaware Limited Partnership, et al.	Settled in principle
10-04752	Kuntzman Family LLC, et al.	
10-04762	James M. Goodman	Motion to Withdraw the Reference pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>4</sup>
10-04889	Estate of Robert Shervyn Savin, et al.	
10-04912	Harry Smith Revocable Living Trust, et al.	
10-04986	Sharon Knee	
10-05079	Estate of James M. Goodman, et al.	Motion to Withdraw the Reference pending in S.D.N.Y. <sup>4</sup>
10-05083	The S. James Coppersmith Charitable Remainder Unitrust, et al.	
10-05118	Charlotte M. Marden	Settled in principle
10-05124	The Lawrence J. Ryan and Theresa R. Ryan Revocable Living Trust, et al.	Settled in principle
10-05128	JABA Associates LP, et al.	Appeal pending in Second Circuit <sup>5</sup>
10-05144	Estate of Bernard J. Kessel, et al.	
10-05168	Bernard Marden Profit Sharing Plan, etc., et al.	Settled in principle
10-05169	Fairfield Pagma Associates, etc., et al.	
10-05184	Laura Ann Smith Revocable Living Trust, et al	
10-05312	Doron Tavlin Trust U/A 2/4/91, et al.	
10-05380	Srione, LLC, an Idaho limited liability company, et al.	
10-05394	Glantz	
<b>Total: 40</b>		

<sup>5</sup> See *JABA Associates LP v. Picard*, 21-872 (2d Cir.).

**EXHIBIT C**

**SIPC v. BLMIS**

Case No. 08-01789 (CGM)

**ACTIVE BAD FAITH/FEEDER FUND CASES**

<b>APN</b>	<b>DEFENDANT(S)</b>	<b>TYPE</b>
10-05421	Avellino, et al.	Bad Faith
09-01239	Fairfield Investment Fund Ltd., et al.	Feeder Fund
09-01364	HSBC Bank PLC, et al.	Feeder Fund
10-04285	UBS AG, et al.	Feeder Fund
10-04330	Square One Fund Ltd, et al.	Feeder Fund
10-04457	Equity Trading Portfolio Ltd., et al.	Feeder Fund
10-04471	Citrus Investment Holdings Ltd.	Feeder Fund
10-05120	Oreades SICV, et al.	Feeder Fund
10-05286	Legacy Capital Ltd., et al. <sup>1</sup>	Feeder Fund
10-05311	UBS AG, et al.	Feeder Fund
<b>Total: 10</b>		

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<sup>1</sup> *Picard v. Legacy Capital Ltd., et al.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05286 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.) (CGM), No. 20-1334 (2d Cir.).



## EXHIBIT D

### SIPC v. BLMIS

Case No. 08-01789 (CGM)

#### ACTIVE SUBSEQUENT TRANSFEREE CASES

APN	DEFENDANT(S)
10-05345	Citibank, N.A., et al. <sup>1</sup>
10-05346	Merrill Lynch International
10-05348	Nomura International PLC
10-05351	Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A.
10-05353	Natixis, et al.
10-05354	ABN AMRO Bank, N.V. <sup>2</sup>
10-05355	ABN AMRO Bank (Ireland) Ltd, et al. <sup>3</sup>
11-02149	Banque Syz & Co., SA
11-02493	Abu Dhabi Investment Authority
11-02538	Quilvest Finance Ltd.
11-02539	Meritz Fire & Insurance Co. Ltd.
11-02540	Lion Global Investors Limited
11-02541	First Gulf Bank
11-02542	Parson Finance Panama S.A.
11-02551	Delta National Bank and Trust Company
11-02553	Unifortune Asset Management SGR SpA, et al.
11-02554	National Bank of Kuwait S.A.K.
11-02568	Cathay Life Insurance Co. LTD.
11-02569	Barclays Bank (Suisse) S.A. et al.
11-02570	Banca Carige S.P.A.
11-02572	Korea Exchange Bank
11-02573	The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Co., Ltd.
11-02730	Atlantic Security Bank
11-02731	Trincaster Corporation
11-02732	Bureau of Labor Insurance
11-02733	Naidot & Co.
11-02758	Caceis Bank Luxembourg, et al.
11-02759	Nomura International PLC
11-02760	ABN Amro Bank N.V., et al.
11-02761	KBC Investments Limited
11-02762	Lighthouse Investment Partners LLC, et al.
11-02763	Inteligo Bank LTD.

<sup>1</sup> *Picard v. Citibank, N.A.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05345 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.) (CGM), No. 20-1333 (2d Cir.).

<sup>2</sup> *Picard v. ABN AMRO Bank, N.A.*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05354 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.) (CGM), No. 20-2291 (2d Cir.).

<sup>3</sup> *Picard v. ABN AMRO Bank (Ireland) Ltd. (f/k/a Fortis Prime Fund Solutions Bank (Ireland) Limited)*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-05355 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.) (CGM), No. 20-1898 (2d Cir.).

APN	DEFENDANT(S)
11-02784	Somers Dublin Limited et al.
11-02796	BNP Paribas Arbitrage SNC
11-02910	Merrill Lynch Bank (Suisse) SA
11-02922	Bank Julius Baer & Co. Ltd.
11-02923	Falcon Private Bank Ltd.
11-02925	Credit Suisse AG et al.
11-02929	LGT Bank in Liechtenstein Ltd.
12-01002	The Public Institution For Social Security
12-01004	Fullerton Capital PTE Ltd.
12-01005	SICO LIMITED
12-01019	Banco Itau Europa Luxembourg S.A., et al.
12-01021	Grosvenor Investment Management Limited
12-01022	Credit Agricole (Suisse) SA
12-01023	Arden Asset Management, et al.
12-01046	SNS Bank N.V. et al.
12-01047	KOCH INDUSTRIES, INC.,
12-01048	Banco General S.A. et al.
12-01194	Kookmin Bank
12-01195	Six Sis AG
12-01202	Bank Vontobel AG et. al.
12-01205	Multi Strategy Fund Ltd., et al.
12-01207	Lloyds TSB Bank PLC
12-01209	BSI AG
12-01210	Schroder & Co.
12-01211	Union Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd., et al.
12-01216	Bank Hapoalim B.M.
12-01273	Mistral (SPC)
12-01278	Zephyros Limited
12-01512	ZCM Asset Holding Co (Bermuda) LLC
12-01565	Standard Chartered Financial Services (Luxembourg) SA, et al.
12-01566	UKFP (Asia) Nominees
12-01576	BNP Paribas S.A. et al
12-01577	UBS Deutschland AG, et al.
12-01669	Barfield Nominees Limited et al
12-01670	Credit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank et al.
12-01676	Clariden Leu AG
12-01677	Societe General Private Banking (Suisse) SA, et al.
12-01680	Intesa Sanpaolo SpA, et al.
12-01690	EFG Bank S.A., et al.
12-01693	Banque Lombard Odier & Cie
12-01694	Banque Cantonale Vaudoise
12-01695	Bordier & Cie
12-01697	ABN AMRO Fund Services (Isle of Man) Nominees Limited, et al.
12-01698	Banque International a Luxembourg SA, et al.

APN	DEFENDANT(S)
12-01699	Royal Bank of Canada, et al.
12-01700	Caprice International Group Inc. et al.
12-01701	RD Trust, et al. (Piedrahita)
20-01316	Montpellier, et al.
21-01190	The Hebrew University of Jerusalem, et al.
<b>Total: 81</b>	